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SEMI-WEEKLY.

ASSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

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Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

Planters Should Organize Laborers.

LABOR COMMISSIONER'S VIEWS

Satisfied White Men Can Work in Cane Fields.

Will Do Better Service Than Japan ese-Invite White Labor and Asiatics Will Stay Away.

"My visit to Hawaii has only strengthened my opinion that white from Japan. When that is done, we labor will do well in this country," said Labor Commissioner Fitzgerald, at the Hawaiian last night. "As to Hilo and the country immediately surrounding, I considered it the best I have ever visited. There is a great fu- head tax will solve the problem of Euture before it, for the soil is such that ropean immigration, it will not solve crops would grow in abundance. Just imagine two crops of corn a year and potatoes which should command the the world.

"But about white labor: The coffee industry has gone beyond the experimental stage, and seems to me that it will become an important item in the commerce of the Islands. But the labor for picking! It will not do to import a lot of men from the United States for exclusive work in the coffee fields; the work does not last long enough in the season. If there was anything else to occupy the men during the seven or eight months, it would be different. Coffee picking is not laborious work.

and it occurred to me that women and children would do it as well as men. The increase in the production will probably reach six or eight times as much as it is today. What would you do with the men necessary to pick such a crop? If families settle in the coffee elt, then you will have your labor, but would not recommend families to go there unless they had money to carry them along until the proposition becomes a paying one. The introduction of white labor on

the sugar plantations here depends en-tirely upon the planters; if they wish it, and there is some organization that would tend to protect the laborers, then they would be recommended to come. Those I have talked with seem to be in favor of white labor. I think I have convinced them that there is no work in the cane fields that cannot be done by white men. Naturally, there were some who objected at first, only on account of the additional wages, but they must understand that if white men are engaged at wages a fourth or a third higher than Asiatics receive, they will get double the work out of the men.

"Let me cite you an instance that ame to my ears the other day. A gentleman had a cord of wood sent him, and asked a Chinaman to saw and split it. He agreed to do it for \$3.50, or nearly double what the same class of work brings in the United States. The price was too high, and a Japanese agreed to do it for \$1.50 and his board. It took that Japanese five days to do the work that would have been done by a white man in a day. The result would be the same in the cane field. have taken the temperature in the fields here and on Hawaii, and fail to find it higher than in California. The only difference is that there we have a reak during the winter months.

"But about white labor and the influence it may have upon the future of the Islands. What the United States reeds is an outlet for its superfluous aboring classes, and where better can they look for it than here. But the opinion abroad, given out by the island planters is that white labor canwork here, owing to the warm weather. These frequent reports have is not a white man's country.

"Naturally our people ask this ques-United States annex that territory? If Asiatics, the enemy to white labor can do this, on what grounds should Inless it can be said that the people of there. Hawaii are willing to take white men in their employ, no Senator or Congressman would dare vote for annexation or a continuance of the reciprocity treaty. If one single beet planter in the State of California should go to the representative of his district and prove by facts and floures that Hawaian sugar, produced by Asiatic cheap labor, was injuring him financially that representative has no right to vote to maintain such a treaty. Why should he? Hawaii is a foreign couptry, the same as Cuba, and Americans have had it drilled into them for years that white men cannot work here.

"No candidate for office in the United States dare go against organized labor and these organizations are growing stronger all the time. I have been over several plantations and seen men doing all classes of work, but I have yet to see that which white men cannot perform. The matter then, remains for the planters of Hawail to say what is to be done. If they are honest in their convictions if they mean what they say, when they tell me they are

can so report, and I have no doubt the feeling on the part of the laboring ployes. For instance: In California it classes of the United States will be is a common practice for the laborers friendly to the reciprocity treaty and on some ranches to have to pay a per unevation

"Every labor union in America will take up the cry that Hawsli is favorable to white labor, and I tell you that neglects to bring back a present for would rather have the combined labor forces with me on a proposition where politics are concerned than a barrel of money Money won't fight the Sugar Trust; it requires a weightier influence than good, hard coin to overcome that I have here some letters which I received about the time we began the movement against the Japanese in California. They show to what extent the labor unions in the United States are interested, and where you think of the many thousands of laborers, skilled and otherwise, that Asiatic and Oriental immigration effects you cannot wonder that these mer have an influence at the polls. These letters are from W. H. Allen, of Brooklyn. Chairman on Restriction of Immigration, Advance Labor Club, L. A. 1562, K. of L. He says:

"From the tone of your letter I infer that you think that, while it may be highly desirable to expel the Chinese that are here, the first thing to can then turn our attention to the question of expelling the Chinese. Having decided on this point, the next one to be considered is the proper course of legislation to be advocated. Now it seems to me that, while the \$50 that of the Japanese. The only possible solution of this problem, in my opinion, is, first, to secure a modification of the Japanese treaty as will perattention of agriculturists throughout mith us to apply the same laws to Japanese that we now do to the Chinese

"'As to the mode of securing thi legislation. I would suggest that yo of the Pacific slope to hegln the move ment on the lines indicated in you letter, then we of the East would come in and join hands with you. So far a



E. L. FITZGERALD. Labor Commissioner of California.

we of L. A. 1562 are concerned, we the central bodies and work as fast as we can, as we want to compel this next his sugar as before, and of this price Congress to grant us the desired legislation.

"'So far as our movement here is concerned it regards neither race, sect or politics. The man who is with us gets our votes, whether he is a Democrat or Republican. There are five Republican Congressmen from this city and four of them are personally ac quainted with members of 1562. think we can get every one of them to vote for our measures.

"I believe that cheap immigrant labor of the migratory kind; that is those who come here to hoard up money and take it out of the country are a curse wherever they go.

"In a previous communication, the first, in fact, that I had the honor of receiving from Mr. Allen, he advocated a tax of \$100 on these people the first year, \$200 the second and \$500 the third, and argued that it was not a more drastic measure than the Chinese exclusion act of 1882.

"The people here, all over the Islhow to get rid of them or how to stop nearly convinced our people that this the immigration without kicking a stag will be petitioned to make certain hole through the treaty. It is the easlest thing in the world to accomplish, so as to restrict instead of stimulating ion. If white men cannot work in the and without the Government getting production, and to invite international Hawaiian Islands, why should the into a diplomatic muddle. Let them negotiations for the gradual abolition see that you are pitting white menwhite men cannot till the soil, if only against them in the cane fields and they will stop coming here, and those the treasury which pays them, for the the reciprocity treaty be continued? did it in California and you can do it tries.

"While on Hawali one gentleme told me he was willing to take white labor, but he didn't want it forced upon him at once. Nor would I ferce the men to come here. The matter of putting white men in the fields to surplant Asiatics is a radical change, and not care if it takes two or three or fivyears, but the time to begin is now let the people over there see that the the rest will follow. But the conditions must be right. What I mean by that is Hyde, the installing prayer. that there must be a head to it- some one to whom these men can go in the event of disagreement.

"I have held my office for two years and in that time my department bu formished employment to 15,000 men but I have talked with three times " meny and acted as mediator in any difgive it wherever we can.

"In my meandering around Hawaii in California, and which would presatisfied that my views are correct, I clude the possibility of many difficul. Irwin.

ties between the employer and emcentage to the foremen in order to hold their places, and it frequently happens that when a hand goes to town and the boss his place is vacant. I do not find anything like that here. Some people say that a white man would not live as a Japanese laborer does. I say that if he did he ought to be run out of the country. I saw what were originally comfortable rooms turned into veritable hog pens by these people. No, sir: I do not believe a white man would be contented to live like a Jap-

"I leave here by the Alameda, because there are matters which need my attention at home. I may possibly meet some members of the Government before I go. My visit here is not official, so I have no right to offer advice. Several plantation managers have asked me to send them some laborers, but how many I will conclude to send depends upon what arrangements are made for their welfare after arrival.'

GERMAN SUGAR BOUNTY.

System Has Developed Into Something of a Boomerang.

Apropos of the discussion of the new Dingley tariff bill and its proposed duty on sugar, the New York Chamber of Commerce published, on March 18, an article in which the chief defect of the German sugar bounty is pointed out. The data is secured from the official reports of the United States Consul General at Frankfort and of the Consul at Madgeburg. These reports state that the bounty system had its origin in 1891, and from the first the German bounty has been paid on exports solely. One of its results has been the enormous overproduction of 1894and a corresponding demoralization of prices. Last year there was an urgent demand on the German Parliament to devise some means for the relief of the depressed sugar beet growers. In the words of Consul Mason, "sugar was declared to be the last and only agricultural product in which there remained any profit for the German farmer, and it was recognized that whatever skillful legislation could do to preserve and protect that industry should, in justice to the suffering land owners, be given a prompt and thorough trial.

A law was accordingly passed inreasing the bounty on exportation, advancing the import duty on sugar and, generally speaking, doing all that legislation could do to make the raising of beets profitable. Its effects may se conjectured from the fact that in less than six months after its passage sugar manufacturers have issued an appeal for new legislation "to rescue the sugar producing interests from the very act passed for its salvation, and (the results of) which have presented themselves promptly and in a most serious form. The increased export bounty was fol-

the German Government pays more and the foreign consumer less than hitherto. The German Government, in this connection, is of course only another name for the German taxpayer, and we find he pays some 2 cents a pound on the sugar he uses to enable the Government to pay export bounties for the benefit of the foreign consumers. The bounty under the new law is 95 cents per 220 pounds, so that the internal tax on sugar still leaves a considerable net revenue to the Government. The import duty of \$10.71 per 220 pounds (100 kilos) yields, of course, no revenue, being manifestly prohib-

The disgust of producers and manufacturers with the operation of the new law springs mainly from the fact that it has greatly stimulated the raising and refining of beet sugar. It seems that many of the existing factories are enlarging their capacity and extending their operations, while new factories are projected, and wealthy and powerful companies are beginning to utilize ands, are worried over the inroads the advantage which they possess over made by Japanese, and do not know the smaller establishments.

It has come to this, that the Reichamendments to the existing statute. of the export bounties, which have heen proven to be simply a burden on who are here will want to go back. We benefit of non-producing foreign coun-

PASTOR INSTALLED.

Rev. E. S. Timoteo at Kaumakapili Church.

Rev. E. S. Timoteo was installed pastor of Kaumakapili Church yesterday can be done only in the right way. I do morning. Rev. J. Kekahuna, of Waianae, preached the sermon. Rev. J. M. Ezera, of Ewa, gave the charge to the planters here want white labor, and pastor. Rev. O. H. Gulick made an ad-

The new pastor enters into his duties with hopeful prospects of a successful pastorate. He has succeeded in securing money enough to pay off the arrears of debt that had accumulated, principally through dilatoriness in paying the salary of the former pastor. Rev. Mr. Timoteo is hopeful of Sculty they may have. The laboring securing funds for needed repairs and classes come to us for advice, and we alterations on the church building. The Kaumakapili people have been aided by generous donations. Among others I found conditions which do not exist may be mentioned \$200 from Hon Paul Isenberg and \$100 from Hon, Wm. G.

Health Board Decides on Waikiki Quarantine.

YELLOW FLAG LOWERED TODAY

Mr. Brown Makes a Resolute Objection.

Asks for Examination in Recent Trouble - What Will be Done With Tuberculous Cattle.

At a special meeting of the Board of Health held in the office of Attorney General Smith at 12:30 p. m. yesterday, there were present the following: President Smith, Drs. Wood, Day, Monsarrat; Messrs. T. F. Lansing, C. A. Brown and C. B. Reynolds.

President Smith announced that Dr. Monsarrat had reported an unwillingness on the part of A. F. Cooke to take the carcasses of the cattle killed on account of tuberculosis, at the fertilizer works.

Dr. Monsarrat reported that only one animal had been killed so far. Mr. Cooke did not want to take the carcasses because so much acid was necessary for this disposition. He had suggested building a pen and keeping them there at the fertilizer works until a sufficient number had been collected. This suggestion was made because Mr. Cooke had remarked on the uncertainty the number of animals from day to day. This responsibility was not de sired.

President Smith suggested that a trench for post-mortem examination be dug by prisoners near the place where the first people who died from cholera had been buried. Dr. Monsarrat suggested that the

horse quarantine grounds be used as a place for post-mortem examination General of Hawaii. and also for burial. The carcasses could be buried at a depth of five feet or so. Lime could be used on these. The matter of disposal of the careasses was left with Dr. Monsarrat.

President Smith asked Drs. Day and Wood in regard to the release of people quarantined at the home of James B. Castle, Waikiki. Dr. Wood said that 15 days was cer-

tainly enough. The 18 days' regulation was meant particularly for immigrants. This was simply arbitrary. It always took quite a length of time for preliminary arrangements. Mr. Brown asked in regard to the

shall certainly get organized labor here lowed by a proportionate decline in Board of Health regulations. What the foreign market, so that, according law had been published? Since 1881 Wright, H. Herbert, George Harris, Jr., lowed by a proportionate decline in Board of Health regulations. What to act in the matter, we will visit the forman exporter the law had been to quarantine people F. Harrison, J. Lucas, D. Collins, A. 18 davs after exposure. Such a regulation could not be changed unless published in a newspaper. The law says due notice must be given. If the law applies to one person, it is no more than right that it should apply to all.

President Smith - Certain things must be at the discretion of the board. Mr. Brown-What has been the pracice for the last few years? How about the quarantine on the Dudoit premises.
Mr. Reynolds?

Mr. Reynolds-The quarantine was 15 days.

Mr. Brown-I will have to disagree inder that quarantine, and the period was 18 dave. Minister Smith-The 15 days are up

tomorrow. What is the opinion of the physicians of the board in regard to E. B. Thomas, George Harris, Sr., J. C. he release of the people at Waikiki? Dr. Wood-No regulation of the board is required. I say the board has the right to quarantine 1, 18 or 50 days

in each individual case. Mr. Brown-Well, there's the law. Dr. Wood-We don't want the hands of the board tied.

President Smith then explained that the board had perfect right to say whether the quarantine should he 15 or

Dr. Day-After the 12th day the danger is practically past.

Mr. Lansing-I see that the board has a right to change the law, but such

change must be published. Mr. Brown-I object to any difference being made, and my voice shall go right up against any such proceeding. Tobject to making fish of one and fowl of the other. The people at the quarantine station will be kept 18 days. and I believe that they have kept stricter quarantine than the people at

President Smith said that he thought if in the opinion of the physicians, the people at Walkiki could be safely allowed to go, such a proceeding should be followed out Dr Wood then moved that the peo-

ple at Waikiki be allowed to so free today if upon examination it should be found that there were no signs of diserse. This was seconded by Dr. Day. Upon being put to vote this motion was carried with Mr Brown's vote The matter of the Chinese immi-

grants by the Doric was brought up They had come from a non-infected port. It was voted by the board that they be released from quarantine at the expiration of 15 days from Yoko-Mr. Brown called the attention of the

hoard to a matter in which he was concerned. He had been openly atdesired to have an examination into (Semi-Weekly). tacked through the newspapers and be

his case. Either this of the backin.

of the Board of Health. President Smith that he believed it had been a matter of much ado about nothing all around. The people at Waikiki and he himself had said things that would have been better left unsaid. They were to come out today, and he understood that they likewise wished an examination. It was his opinion that the less said about the matter the better.

TO KING GEORGE.

Hawaii's Deputy Consul at Rome Sends Telegram. Monday evening last, the association

held a meeting, which was attended by a large number of members, says the Roman Herald of March 13th. The meeting was followed by a brotherly supper, a merry gathering, in which healths were drunk and short speeches made with great applause. The meeting was presided over by the president of the local association, Mr. H. Benton, and attended by the president of the National Committee of the Y. M. C. A. in Italy, Professor Plovanelli; Dr. Burt, Rev. Piggott, Professor Filippini, Mr. Williams, Dr. Prochet, Rev. Camp-bell Wall, Sig. Casciani, Counsellor of the Commune; Mr. Dyer, Cav. Coppola, Rev. Giampiccoli and nearly all the members of the association. The great hall was full. In the midst of general and prolonged applause it was decided to send the following telegram:

To His Majesty, King George, of Greece:

"The Y. M. C. A. of Rome, convoked in solemn plenary assembly, sends to Your Majesty and to the people of Greece, fighting for the faith and national unity, a hearty good wish for the triumph of these high ideals. "BENTON."

The Marshal of the court of King George immediately replied in the following terms: To Mr. Benton, President of the Y.

M. C. A. of Rome: "His Majesty, touched by your en-

thusinstic tolegram, expresses his sincere thanks to you.

"PAPARIGOPOULOS." The meeting ended with a greeting

and applause, three times repeated, for Mr. Stokes, the great patron of the Y. M. C. A.s, who is on his way to Rome. Mr. Benton is Vice Deputy Consul

DIAMOND JUBILEE.

Executive Committee Appoints its Working Branches. A meeting of the Executive Commit-

tee in charge of the celebration of Queen Victoria's Diamond Jubilee, was held in the Hawaiian Hotel last night, and the following sub-committees were appoint**ed:**

SPORTS.

Thomas Wright, George Angus, B F. Beardmore, Charles Crozier, W. C. M. Robertson, J. Torbert Wodehouse, L. De L. Ward and W. F.

DANCING. Dr. Murray, J. S. Walker, chairman;

T. Black, George Dall. N. McBryde C. G. Ballentyne. J. M. Monsarrat, D. Shanks, A. St. M. Mackintosh, Ernest Ross, Sam Woods, O. St. J. Gilbert, E. B. Giffard, H. Mist, T. S. Douglas and r. McMillan. INTERVIEW COM. HAWES.

Clive Davies, E. W. Jordan, Wray Taylor, C. G. Ballentyne, Ernest Wode-

with you there. I had friends who came house, W. F. Reynolds, T. M. Starkey and H. W. M. Mist. FLAGS AND SALUTES. W. L. Stanley, Fred Whitney, C.

Girdler, T. R. Robinson, W. C. Sproull, Cook and R. S. Serimgeour.

FIREWORKS. H. Armitage, W. H. Pain, W. G. Singlehurst, W. W. Wright and M. B.

BOTH DID WELL.

Captain McStocker Has no Particular Choice. In speaking of the rumor yesterday

that the Citizens' Guard will contest the right of the militia to corral all the appointments, Deputy Collector of Customs McStocker said yesterday:

"As I have said before in some of our previous interviews, I prefer not to talk on this matter, and if I have any influence with the members of the organization I have the honor to command, I shall request that they keep their tempers. Neither President Dole nor the Government have made any official or unofficial statement of their views on the subject, and I don't see that we need care what any of the militia officers may have to say on the subject. But while we have the subject under conversation. I will say that I consider that every man who turned out, no matter to what organization be longing, on the night of the 6th or morning of the 7th, may fairly be considered a loval supporter of the Goernment and entitled to equal consideration, and that those who have since oined either of the organizations oledged to support the Government and to be considered as occupying a stand ing that does not give one any advantare over the other their sincerity being the only question to consider."

Read the Hawaiian Gazette

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GOES

And Carpenters and Builders are Happy.

HACKFELD'S NEW LUMBER YARD

British Subjects to Prepare to Celebrate.

Socials and Lavender Tea-Henry Espinda Marrled-Per-

sonal Notes.

HILO, Hawaii, April 22.-The commonity in general heralds with delight the refreshing showers that are falling today. As in the past two or three years, when a short dry spell has come, the people are again threatened with epidemics of cold and the like. This time the attack causes throat troubles, and hardly a family has escaped having some of its members confined with sore throats, croup and hoarseness. The death of a child is reported as being caused by croup this week. Along the Volcano road many water tanks awaiting liberal contributions. Dust has been flying thick on the main thoroughfares. Carpenters and builders are probably the most gratified over the continued dry spell, as there is no hindrance to the rapid completion of their contracts. The second story of the Hackfeld building is going up now, and the hotel is well under way. Lumber for the hospital has been on the site for some weeks, but there are no signs of work as yet. E. D. Baldwin is preparing to erect a tiwelling on his lot in "Greater Hilo," and expects to be living there with his family by the 1st of July. The Sadler cottage, on Church street, has been rented to the new Customs Collector, George Turner. Mrs. McKinnon, wife of Contractor

McKinnon, who has the building of the store for the Hilo Mercantile Company, arrived by the last Kinau with her two daughters. They hope to make Hilo

their home permanently.

Messrs. Hackfeld & Co. have leased the tract of land along the beach road, opposite the pond, and after filling in the marsh land, will utilize the same as a lumber yard. They have also purchased of C. C. Kennedy a large lot on the mauka side of the road.

C. S. Desky recently bought a piece of land, containing about 15 acres, on the Volcano road, near the one-mile post, and intends subdividing the same for building sites.

On Saturday evening last, a meeting of loyal British subjects was held at Fireman's hall to discuss plans for the celebration of Queen Victoria's 60th year of sovereignty. Final action was deferred until further meetings. Aside from the mere remembrance of the day as one of rejoicing, there will probably be the establishment of a ial fund to maintain a "Victoria" ward in the new hospital. The matter has been left with a committee, composed of Messrs, Kennedy, Steele, Gibb, Rawlins and Dr. Elliott.

At the invitation of Mrs. J. A. Scott, a number of those who took part in the entertainment the preceding Saturday evening, gathered at Kaehukai (Sea Spray), on Recd's Bay, last Thursday evening. After toasting marshmallows and grabbing flaming raisins, there was candy making, dancing and a general good time. Those present were Mesdames Scott, Austin, Baldwin and Richards, Misses M. Richardson and B. Weight, Messrs. Scott, Austin, Richards. Bole, D. H. Hitchcock, Jr., and

F. M. Wakefield. A very dainty and pretty affair was the "Lavender Tea" at the Severeance home, on Wednesday afternoon, given in honor of Miss Annie Parke. The floral decorations of fragrant lavender pond lilaes and sweet-scented violets lent much beauty to the scene, and the fine china and neat lavender bows were in keeping with the apparent daintiness of the affair. The following ladies were present: Mesdames Furneaux, Pratt, Hobson, Scott, Austin, Severance, Baldwin, Richardson, Turner, Thrum, Andrews, Richards, Townsend, Williams, Misses Parke, Willis,

Weight, Sisson, Coan and Richardson. Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Holmes entertained the Monday Evening Whist Club at their regular bi-weekly meeting this week. Twenty players engaged in playing 18 games, and after collecting and comparing scores, so as to obtain their bearings for the next game, they feasted on the good things which the hostess had prepared for

Miss Nellie Sisson had a luncheon on Friday, at which Mrs. T. G. Thrum,

of Honolulu, was the guest of honor. The regular monthly church social was held Tuesday evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. L. Turner, and was largely attended. Mrs. Pratt ably assisted Mrs. Turner in receiving the company and attending to the refreshments, while the excellent musical program was in the hands of Mrs. Baldwin and Miss Weight. Misses Severance and Guild rendered a piano duet: Mr. Swadling, a vocal solo and a response to an encore; Mr. Omstead, a piano solo; Mr. Austin, Mrs. Baldwin, Miss E. Hapai and Miss M. Richardson, a vocal quartet and Mrs Townsend, a vocal rolo. Samples of scripture cake were served to one and all. and later a written recipe for the same. with suitable scriptural verses appended, was presented to the ladies.

Miss Louisa K. Brown daughter of Captain of Police and Mrs B H Brown, was married to Henry Espinda p police officer of Honolulu, on Monday evening at the residence of the bride's parents. A lugu will be given this evening in bonor of the young couple. They return to Honolulu next

Mr. and Mrs Dillon, of Pepeekeo, in-

birthday anniversary of their small son last Tuesday evening.

Labor Commissioner Fitzgerald has been going the rounds quizzing the business men of town on the labor question, and is now ferreting out the opinions of the planters on this allabsorbing topic. Mrs. Scott and family and Miss Wil-

lis are still basking in the sunshine and sea breezes of Kachukal, the comfortable seaside residence of the

Miss Helen Severance and Miss Berha Guild spent their week's vacation it the Volcano House Miss Bergstrom is the guest of Mrs.

L. Turner this week. Judge Hitchcock and daughters. Sheriff Andrews and Lawyer Little are expected home from Kona in a few

Mr. P. Peck goes to Honolulu today. Mrs. T. G. Thrum has decided to remain at Papaikou a few weeks longer. Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Patten, of Hakalau, spent a few days in town.

The campers are returning this week from Cocoanut Island. On Sunday all hands sat down to a plover dinner, furnished by H. S. Pratt and G. K. Wilder, who brought in 60 plover as a result of Saturday evening's hunting expedition at Seaconnet.

An unusual number of bathers are enjoying a daily dip these fine days. Mrs. G. K. Wilder is expected to re-

turn to Hilo in May.
Attorney Wise expects to have his family in Hilo soon, and Mr. Peck, of Olaa, looks forward with great pleasure to the arrival of his wife and daughters from San Francisco very

Volumes of smoke are again issuing from the crater of Kilauea.

The Roderick Dhu, Rock master, left port early Sunday morning with a full cargo of sugar and several passen-

The Santiago is on the way. The Henry Villard, Patten master, came inland, Ore., with a cargo of lumber—600,000 feet. She will load sugar for New York. She, as well as the Indiana, now in port, is owned by Sewall & Co., of Bath, Maine.

Wainee Church Turned Over to Pastor.

Gift of H. P. Baldwin-Many People Present-Legal Trickery in Court,

the new Wainee Church, the splendid gift of Hon. H. P. Baldwin to Lahaina, occurred on Sunday, the 18th, under he most favorable auspices.

More than 600 people—for the most part Hawaiians-witnessed the ceremonies, which began at 10 a.m. The program of exercises was as follows: Prayer-Rev. E. M. Hanuna, of Ha-

Reading of Scriptures—Rev. O. Na-wahine, of Waihee.

Address—The Founding of the Old Church-Rev. S. L. Desha, of Hilo. Dedicatory Address-Rev. Q. H. Gu-

lick, of Honolulu. Address—History of the Church-Rev. S. E. Bishop, of Honolulu.

Address-Past Ministers of Wainee-Judge Kahaulelio, of Lahaina. Address-Story of the New Church and delivering of the keys to Rev. A. Pali-Hon. H. P. Baldwin.

Benediction-Rev. J. Kalino, of Waimea, Hawaii.

D. D. Baldwin, of Haiku, was the organist of the occasion and the local it was rather a rough voyage. church choir sang the hymns.

The sacrament of the Lord's supper was administered at 3 p. m.

Among the many present were Mrs. H. P. Baldwin and Prof. W. D. Alexander, of Honolulu.

An island Sunday school convention was held in the new church on the 19th, Rev. S. Kapu, of Wailuku, being the presiding officer.

There were present delegations representing Wailuku, Waihee, Kahakuloa, Makawao, Keokea, Hana and La-

The Hana school was thought to ex-

cel in music. At 3 p. m., in the Court House yard, 600 people enjoyed a grand luau, arranged by Hon. J. W. Kalua, of Wailuku. The same evening a concert was given in Hale Aloha, in which Messrs. Kanakanui and Ulunahele, of Honolulu, Rev. S. Kapu, of Waluku, and Mr. and Mrs. Kaleikau, of Waianae, took part. More than \$80 was realized for

the new church. The funeral of W. H. Daniels took place at Waiłuku on Sunday, Dr. E. G. Beckwith, of Paia, officiating.

Mr. Daniels was formerly District Magistrate of Wailuku, and at the time of his death was superintendent of Spreckels' ditch, and resided at Kailua, Hamakualoa. He was a prominent citizen of Maui and the son of Judge Daniels, an old-time English resident of Wailuku. It is stated that troubles of a private nature caused him to end his life. He was but 44 years of age, and leaves many relatives to mourn

A smart lawyer trick occurred at Kinahulu, Hana, two or three weeks ago, formerly ran a "club" in your city). I A Japanese caused the arrest of his wish to say I am neither an officer wife for living in adultery with a fellow-countryman. During the progress with the above "club." By correcting of the trial the lawyer or lawyers persuaded the woman to marry her paramour. This act completely nonplussed the Court, which immediately adfourned. The woman is now to be tried for bigamy

The Hann plantation is clearing about 200 acres of primeval forest just outside of Hana village toward Na-

The crop of Kipahulu is estimated at 1000 tone and that of Hana at 2,200 Messre W. L. Hardy and S. P. Racmussen are the pioneer coffee planters Government nursery man, occupies the

leased land already planted.

The Hana Road Board should be complimented upon the fine roads between Hana and Kipahulu. Messrs. Wittrock, McLane, Garnett,

Murdock and others have coffee growlng in Hana. More than 100 bave registered in Hana District up to date, and the ma-

jority of them natives. The schooner Jenny Wand, Chrisiansen master, arrived in Kahului on the 19th, 18 days from San Francisco. She brought general merchandise for Haiku and Paia. She sailed yesterday, laden with sugar from those planta-

tions. The four-master Olga, Ipsen master, arrived on the 18th from Newcastle, via Honolulu, 68 days on her trip. Her coal was reconsigned by Wm. G. Ir-

win & Co. to Haiku Sugar Company. The British ship Dalcairnie, Jones master, arrived on the 20th from Astoria, Ore., in ballast. She was 21 days on her voyage, and will take a cargo of sugar around the Horn to New York.

Weather: Some good showers in Hana, but very dry in Makawao, Wailuku and Lahaina.

FROM KAUAI.

Wray Taylor Returns From Tour of Investigation.

Wray Taylor, secretary of the Board Kauai, on the W. G. Hall yesterday morning, whither he had been sent by the Government the early part of the week to thoroughly investigate the recent trouble among the Chinese contract laborers on the plantation at that place, which resulted in 15 of them being charged with rioting.

Further than that he had fulfilled his mission, Mr. Taylor declined to speak, to port on the 16th, 26 days from Port- as he will make a full report to Captain King, president of the Bureau of Immigration.

Mr. Taylor visited several other plantations, landing first at Makaweli, where he found the mill in full blast, turning out 100 tons of sugar a day. The manager, Mr. Hugh Morrison, and his wife are preparing to leave Maka-well next month for a six-months' tour. Going on to Eleele, the ravages of the fire the previous night were seen, about 40 acres of cane being burnt, on the extreme mauka side of the plantation. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is believed to be incendiary. The burnt cane is being ground as quickly

At Koloa, Mr. Taylor had lunch at the hospitable home of the manager, Mr. Anton Cropp. Everything seemed to be going along very satisfactorily at this plantation. The McCandless Bros., the renowned well-borers, were found there, and, in their first boring, struck water at a depth of 200 feet. They will bore several more wells. Douglas Monsarrat has just finished MAUI, April 24.—The dedication of surveying at Koloa, where he has been a month.

Libue was finally reached, where Secretary Taylor attended to the important business intrusted to him, and then found time to look into matters connected with the Agricultural Bureau. He put up at the Fair View Hotel, which he describes as a pretty place, cool, and the wants of guests well looked after by Mr. W. H. Rice, Jr., who, by the way, is soon to become a benedict, and is building a new cottage for himself and bride. The telephone system on Kauai is highly and that is to be expected for Superintendent Hogg is a hustler. On President Dole's birthday Judge Hardy had on exhibition a photo of the President when he was 16 years of age. It is doubtful if the President would recognize himself. Mr. Hofer, bookkeeper at Lihue, was thrown from his horse a day or two ago, and is now nursing a sprained ankle. The Living Question Club, of Lihue, gave an afternoon entertainment and tea at Grove Farm on the 23d, which was a pleasant affair and well attended. The return trip was made on the W. G. Hall, and

Kanai News Notes.

In a letter from Lihue, Kauai, received on the W. G. Hall Sunday, and dated April 24th, are contained the following items of interest:

At the coroner's inquest, held here on last Monday, a verdict of justifiable leath was rendered in the case of the Chinaman, who was killed in the reent riot.

Makaweli plantation had a little Chinese riot on last Wednesday. A policeman, who was sent there to arrest a Chinaman for an offense, was attacked by about 20 of the latter's countryment. They were gotten the best of later.

Lihue mill has stopped grinding in order to make the contemplated improvement of a new mill. Work has

dready begun on this. Considerable indignation has been expressed here at the reports in the Honolulu papers that the Chinese are worked overtime and that they receive no extra pay therefor. Libue plantation always pays its laborers extra for

working overtime.
Wray Taylor, of the Immigration Department, has been at Makaweli, Koloa, Eleele, Lehua, Hanamaulu, Grove Farm and Kealia plantations.

Not Mr. Wells' Club.

MR. EDITOR:-I notice in a late issue of your paper an article about the lately organized Wailuku Club, in which my name appears as an officer, associated with a Dr. Armitage and one Mr. George Hons (a person who your error you will greatly oblige C. B. WELLS. yours truly Wailuku Maui, April 22, 1897.

The Old Mission. Quite recently the old Mission house

on King street has been entirely renovated and made to look as nearly like its original appearance as possible. But one or two minor changes have been made. H. J. Rhodes, at one time the vited a few friends to celebrate the first of Nahiku. They have more than 100 .- Mission house, and is using the

000 young plants and several acres of grounds as a nursery for propagating plants. He has a number of beds containing choice varieties of asters and pansies, as well as boxes with many thousand choice palms and ferns. It is Mr. Rhodes' intention to build a large hot-house within a few weeks and a wire rose house, where he hopes to grow roses without fear of beetles. Just now his attention is paid to the asters and pansies which he uses for boutonneires or table decorations.

SERENADED THE PRESIDENT

Band Goes to Waikiki on a Morning Ride.

The Hawaiian Band, in two busses, started from the Drill Shed at 7 a. m. vesterday, and went out to the Waikiki home of President Dole, where they serenaded him in honor of his 53d birthday. The President expressed himself in terms of surprise at the serenade, and, after thanking Prof. Berger and the boys for their kindness, treated them to light refreshments. Included in the program was the "President's March" and a cornet solo by Charles Kreuter.

After finishing at President Dole's, the band came toward town and stopped outside the residence of James B. Castle to serenade the quarantined people at that place. Minister Cooper, on the inside of the ience, thanked the boys heartily for their kindness on beof Immigration, returned from Lihue, half of himself and the rest associated with him in exile, and then took a snap-shot at them, so as to have pictures by which to remember the

> Two years ago R. J. Warren, a druggist at Pleasant Brook, N. Y., bought a small supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He sums up the result as follows: "At that time the goods were unknown in this section; today Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a household word." It is the same in hundreds of communities. Where ever the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy become known the people will have nothing else. For sale by all druggists and dealers; Benson, Smith & Co., wholesale agents for Hawaiian Islands.

> M. D. Monsarrat, the surveyor, returned Sunday morning on the W. G. Hall, after a five weeks' business trip in Koloa, Kauai.



The Hit .. of the .. Season.... is made by

parilla. At this season, when warm and debilitating days are with us, there is nothing like Ayer's Sarsaparilla to put new life into the sluggish system. Itsweepsaway the duliness, lack of appetite, languidness, and pain, as a broom sweeps away cobwebs. It does not brace np. It builds up. Its benefit is lasting. Do you feel run

down? Take AYER'S Sarsaparilla

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It's a fact, and there are others still larger and better for \$3.00, and from that up.

Then there are Wall Pockets for \$1.25 fitted with pictures, glass and all-which are dirt-cheap at that price. Drop in and have a look.

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Your Stock

Will do better on FIRST-CLASS FEED.

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-AGENTS-

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MUSLIN The gamut of UNDERWEAR prettinessis run underwear in our assortment of muslin underwear. Ordinarily, ready - to - wear garments for ladies are skimpy. None such in our stock--the underwear you buy here is as liberal in cut as you'd make at home, and much more elaborately fin-



ished. Underwear prices in this store amaze ladies who are used to cutting and sewing their own. Take pencil and paper and figure what it costs for muslin, insertion, thread and hard work, and see the difference. Ours do not cost you, ready made, as much as your material. Look at these figures:

Corset Covers, 75 cents to \$1.75 Night Gowns, 75 cents to \$3.50 Chimise, 35 cents to \$1.75

DRESS We are retailers ex-GOODS clusively and the larg-est dry goods sellers in Hawaii. The world of fabrics is here to choose from, less the unworthy sorts and unattractive sorts. The gain is yours by getting the best at fairest of fair prices. Challies are leaders for stylish women. Bright cheerful stuffs hinting of Eastern spring. Prices made to fit the times--not the goods--they're worth dou-

5 yards for \$1 7 yards for \$1 Some at 35 cents a yard Your pick of these goods if you hurry.

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Electric Power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with highpriced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

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THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COM-PANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large storck of Wire, Chandeliers and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

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TREATY AFFECTED United States, which might at time be hostile to Great Britain. He further remarked that show

Japan Mail Attacks Decision of Supreme Court.

IRRECONCILABLE WITH TREATY

Statistics of Smallpox From Kobe.

Number of Cases Rapidly Dimin-Ishing-Tokyo Suffered Severely.

The Japan Mail considers the recent decision of the Supreme Court, sustaining the Collector General in refusing to allow the unqualified immigrants to land, irreconcilable with the treaty of 1871. The Mail says, in discussing the decision:

It will be at once apparent that a very curious consequence is involved in this decision, namely, that a Collector of Customs, being beyond the purview of the law in respect of his conduct when applying the Immigration Act. can not be legally arraigned whatever step he may take. If, for example, in examining an immigrant, he resorts to practices criminal under ordinary circumstances, he can still claim immunity from penal indictment. On the other hand, if an immigrant, whose title to land has been denied by the Collector, suffer wrong at the hands of an ordinary Hawaiian citizen, will the law courts of Hawaii refuse redress on the ground that the injured alien has not obtained due permission to land ir

These questions seem more or less academical, but it is beyond all doubt that Hawaii is not competent to decide for herself when and where within her territory privileges secured by treaty shall begin to be enjoyable. There i a universally recognized custom in such matters, and no State has arbitrary power to depart from it.

Formerly emigration from Japan to Hawaii used to be regulated by a convention, concluded in 1886, but the convention having ceased to be in force, the treaty of 1871 alone appears to apply, and we fail to see how the recenproceedings of the Hawaiian authori ties can be reconciled with the terms of the 2d article:

"Article II. The subjects of each of the two high contracting parties, re-spectively, shall have the liberty and security to come with their ships and cargoes to all places, ports and rivers in the territories of the other, where trade with other nations is permitted; they may remain and reside in any such ports and places respectively, and hire and occupy houses and warehouses, and may trade in all kinds of produce, manufactures and merchandise of lawful commerce, enjoying at all times the same privileges as may have been or may hereafter be granted to the citizens or subjects of any other nation, paying at all times such duties citizens or subjects of other nations doing business or residing within the territories of each of the high contract-

JAPAN'S SMALL POX.

Statistics Showing Extent of Disease in Kobe and Tokyo.

The Kobe Herald is very much exercised over the strict surveillance which is being kept over that port by Hong Kong because of smallpox. The Hong Kong press quotes the Herald as saying: By December the worst phase of the outbreak here had passed over, and the subject has received little or no attention in the local press for several weeks, the number of cases returned daily having fallen so low. At the worst period the average number of cases per day was 30. During the earlier part of January the average was 11.3; deaths, 5.3; for the latter part the average number of cases per day was 8.6; deaths, 4.8. Last month (we have the returns to and inclusive of the 24th inst. before us) the figures were 5.5 and 2.7, respectively.

The official returns for Tokio, from the 26th of January to the 12th of February, show that 2,103 cases had occurred in the capital. From the 13th to the 22d there were 722 cases, the highest number being on the 13th. when 113 were returned, the lowest (35) on the 20th. For Kanagawa Prefecture the returns show 42 cases and 7 deaths from the 15th to 21st of January; 97 and 19 from the 22d to the 28th; 75 and 10 from the 29th of January to the 4th of February; 109 and 27 from the 5th to the 11th, and 128 and 29 from the 12th to the 18th.

GREAT BRITAIN DISTURBED.

Only a Three Weeks Supply of Bread-Stuffs Usually Carried.

LONDON, April 6 .- Attention was called in the House of Commons today by Mr. Henry Seton-Karr, Conservative member for St. Helena, to the wholly inadequate production of food supplies in the United Kingdom in relation to the large and increasing population. Mr. Seton-Karr then moved that independence of the United Kingdom upon foreign imports for the necessities of life and the sequences which might rise therefrom in the event of war demanded the serious attention of the Government. Continuing, Mr. Seton-Karr expressed the belief that the reserve of breadstuffs never exceeds three weeks' supply and frequently sank below a week's supply. France, he pointed out, was self-sup porting, and Russia and the United States were not only self-supporting, but were able to make large exports. The dreibund, he continued, was practically self-supporting, and that Great Britain alone lived from hand to

He further remarked that should the

harvest in America fall and Russia re-

fuse to supply Britain, the latter's position would be most serious. The speaker called attention to the damare done to the commerce of the United States by the Alabama, and remarked that many such vessels might be set to prey upon British commerce in time of war. He did not desire action which would raise the price to consumers, but he hoped the Government would consider the subject seriously, and proposed that State granaries be erected for keeping supplies. Sir Chas. Dilke, member for the Forest of Dean Division of Gloucestersbire, contended that Russian exports of wheat to Great Britain were decreasing in average yearly, and he asserted that half of Great Britain's food came from the United States. Continuing, he said: "If the United States, Canada and Australla can feed us, we are independent of Russia, as the interests and advantages of those countries would be so strong that we could rely upon them to supply us." Sir Charles Dilke, continuing, said he thought the other States were not likely to take any steps in regard to the contraband of war which would be likely to bring the United States down upon them. After, Mr. James Lowther, Conser

vative member for the Island of Thanet, had advocated a duty on foreign grain, the Government leader, Mr. A. J. Balfour, said that the peculiarity of the motion was that it had given a suitable text both to protectionists and free traders. The adoption of the proposal to establish State granaries, he claimed, would mean turning the Chancellor of the Exchequer into the gigantic corn dealer. As to commercial zollverein, Mr. Balfour continued, he looked with considerable longing for closer union with the British colonies, both in regard to commercial and military affairs, but he sincerely thought a zollverein was necessary, and he did not think there was danger of foreign countries refusing to supply Great Britain with food. The United States, he insisted, would not allow food to be declared contraband of war, as it would affect her interests, apart from her inherent sympathy for Great Britain, and combined with the United States, Great Britain could stand against any conceivable combination of the powers The real thing upon which Great Britain was dependent, Mr. Balfour asserted, was her navy, for which the Government accepted the responsibility.

SENATE COMMITTEE PLANS. Reorganization Necessary to factory Progress:

WASHINGTON, April 9 .- The committee, representing respectively the Republican and Democratic sides of the Senate, resumed their efforts today to reach an agreement on a basis of reorganizing the Senate committees. The Republicans have gone to work with the serious intention of taking charge of the committees, but they find that in assuming this task there are many delicate points to be settled.

The tariff is giving the managing committee and all the Republican senators more concern than any other factor in the situation. It is doubtful whether they would attempt to proceed but for this bill. They fear, however, that if they do not take the work in hand the bill may be seriously delayed, some of the Democrats having practically warned them that they will object to any further legislation of any character until the committees shall be filled. There is also a feeling on the Republican side that any allotment which might appear to discriminate invidiously against the Populists and silver Republicans would imperil the tariff bill by precipitating a wrangle on the eve of its presentation to the

At the conclusion of a three hours' session of the Republican committee, Senator McMillan said that such satisfactory progress had been made as to warrant the prediction that reorganization would be accomplished.

POWERS' AUTHORITY WANING. Not Yet Blockaded and Turk Grows Impatient. 🕻 🐧

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 9.-War preparations throughout the Turkish Empire continue to be steadily pressed. A very pessimistic feeling is prevailing here at the failure of the powers' attempts to coerce Greece. The blockade of Piraeus seems as far off as ever. and the war party is bringing pressure to bear upon the Government, with the result that the Porte has dispatched circulars to its representatives abroad setting forth that the Turks are growing impatient at the prolongation of the crisis, which is pressing heavily upon the already embarrassed exchequer of Turkey.

The belief prevails here that the powers are losing their hold over the course of events, and that their so-

called concert is a failure.

A new danger has arisen through the circulation in Constantinople and the provinces of a pamphlet announcing alleged Christian atrocities on Mussulmans in Crete and elsewhere. This is so inflaming the Turks against the Greeks that the Grecian Minister has drawn the attention of the Porte to the matter. The Government has taken the steps necessary to prevent outbreaks upon the part of the populace.

CENTRAL AMERICAN TRADE.

Proposed Line of Steamers From British Columbia to the South.

TORONTO, Ontario, April 6 .- Captain Yates, representaing the Oregon and Asiatic Steamship Company, put before the Toronto Board of Trade this afternoon a plan to open new channels of trade for the Dominion of Can ada by placing a line of boats between British Columbian ports and the ports of Mexico and Central America on the Pacific Chast.

Captain Yates is seeking the co-operation of the Boards of Trade in the Dominion. Securing this, he will ask a substdy of \$100,000 for four years from the Dominion Government.

PROTECTION OF SEALS.

Ex-Sec. Foster to Direct Negotiations With Great Britain.

WASHINGTON, April 9.—Charles S. Hamlin, ex-Assistant Secretary of 111 to 118 Michigan Ave. Chicago, U.S.A. mouth, and drew her principal sup- the Treasury, who has been retained plies of wheat from Russia and the by the Government as counsel to as-

United States, which might at some sist in the conduct of the negotiations manent settlement of the Bering Sea scaling question, said today that his position would be simply advisory to general direction of the negotiations. Mr. Hamlin will return to Boston tomorrow to resume his law practice. but he will come to Washington from time to time for consultation with Mr.

> The sealing regulations under the Paris award were put into operation in 1894 and were to run five years, or two seasons longer. The apparent decrease in the number of female seals during reached such proportions that it is feared two more seasons of indiscriminate slaughter by pelagic sealers will have practically destroyed the indus-

OAKLAND'S INNOVATION.

Carriers - Will Deliver Mail on

OAKLAND, March 5.—The postoffice at Fifteenth and Broadway will soon be headquarters for the most considerable and energetic cycling club in the city, for the mail carriers are to ride on wheels and thereby improve the service.

The equipping with wheels of Oak land's mail delivery service means more than would appear at first. It means possibly another collection and distribution of mail matter each day and a consequent improvement of the general service. The hours of each carrier will be shortened, and he will be supposed to make good time on his machine.

It is possible also that the territories of the men will be extended, but this does not mean a cutting down in the service, rather an enlargement, as the postmaster would then be enabled to extend his routes and reach much further from the heart of the city.

The carriers in the down town districts will deliver mail on foot, as before. The others will accustom themselves to the machine and deliver their mail with its aid.

PERPLEXING SITUATION.

Certain Chinese May Enter United States Territory.

WASHINGTON, April 9.-Secretary Gage and the immigration officials are perplexed as to the best course to pur-sue in regard to the immigration of a large number of Chinese laborers in connection with the Chinese exhibit at the National Exposition at Nashville Tenn. The law allows the immigration of a sufficient number of Chinese laborers to do the work of installing the exhibit, and also such as may desire to give entertainments in the exhibition on condition that a bond is given that they will leave the country at the close of the exhibition. The experience of the officials is that many of the Chinese, finding business dull after a week or two, drift over the country and engage in other business While this is a violation of the spirit of the law, there does not seem to be any way of preventing it. The matter however, is under consideration by the officials, and it is hoped that some remedy may be discovered.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION. President McKinley Nominates Capt Crowninshield.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The Herald's Washington special says: President McKinley, on recommendation of Secretary Long, has nominated Capt. A. S. Crowninshield to be Chief of the Bureau of Navigation. When Captain Crowninshield takes hold of his new office it is the purpose of Secretary Long to consult with him in regard to changes in squadron commanders and commandants of navy yards. Admiral Bunce and Rear Admiral Beardslee, commanding the North Atlantic and Pacific stations, respectively, will be relieved and present indications are that Commodores Montgomery Sicard and George Dewey will succeed them.

The New York, Portsmouth, Boston and Norfolk Navy Yards will also require new commandants within a short time, and these will be selected by the Secretary in conference with his new chief of the Bureau of Navigation.

The Morals of Paris.

PARIS, April 9.-M. Darlin, Minister of Justice, announced in the Chamber of Deputies that he would soon submit a bill to more effectually safeguard the public morals. Previous to this the Ministers of Instruction and of the prohibit the sale or distribution of obscene papers and pictures in public places.

Smallpox in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, March 27.-Reports received by Supervising Inspector General Wyman of the Marine Hospital service, up to March 20th, show that smallpox is raging in Havana, and is increasing instead of diminishing. In the last week for which returns have been received, 850 new cases were re-

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victims were Spanish soldiers. At Car-denas 400 cases and 53 deaths is the record for a single week. Fifty cases and five deaths are reported from Maex-Secretary Foster, who will have tanzas for two weeks. Yellow fever is also prevalent in Cuba. Ten deaths occurred in Havana during the week ending March 18th. None of those ten victims were Spanish soldiers.

In Search of Rest.

ANNAPOLIS, Md, April 9 .-- The Dolphin, having on board President McKinley and party, is anchored at the mouth of the Severn. President and Mrs. McKinley did not leave the dispatch boat owing to the inclemency of he weather, but when the two crews of naval cadets were practicing the Major expressed a wish that they should row past the Dolphin, which they did. The Dolphin will probably leave tomorrow.

Sectarian Instruction Forbidden.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 8.-The House of Representatives yesterday by a vote of 63 to 26 passed a bill prohibiting sectarian instruction or wearing of sectarian garb in the public school and providing for fine and imprisonment for violation of the act.

FURN April furniture sell-TURE ing exceeds all NEWS months in the year with us. Not that the month makes the price; but our orders in December for April delivery saves us a lot, and you get the benefit. We can sell as cheap in July if there are any left-overs but there are not--often.

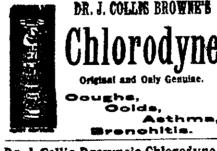
We are making new records this month -- others may be tempted to copy, but where's the use, our prices are the lowest--everybody acknowledges that. Such values are not to be missed.

Enameled Iron **Bedsteads**

with full brass trimmings, are among the prettiest novelties introduced in the furniture line. We have a half dozen styles, one prettier than the other. Full width and length, made for wear and comfort. Kings sleep on the \$12 style, why not you?

It's only fair to repeat the notice we have had before. We do reupholstering at a trifle above cost of material: this is an odd season and we must keep our factory men busy. It doesn't pay to spend even a little money in making over cheap furniture, but it does pay to reupholster really good frames.

Furniture Dealers. KING AND BETHEL STREETS.



Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne.

Vice-Chanceller SIE W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR J. COIL'S BLOWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORO-DINE; that the whole story of the defendant freewan was deliberately unitue, and he respected to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 18, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Le a liquid medicine which amuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEAD ACRE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoma.

The General Board of Health, London, re-ports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose gen-erally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two does completely cured me of diarrhoss." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in

Neuralgia, Cout, Cancer. Toothache, Rheumatism. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Rapidly outs short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Celic, Paipitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION. - The Immonet hale of this Herredy has given rise to many Unacrupulous Imitations N.B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor Dr. J. Collis Browns. Hold in bottles 1s 11/4, 2s 3d, and 4s 6d., by all

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT. IS GROAT ROBBLE ST. LONDON, W. C.

HOLLISTER & CO. Tobacconists,

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HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Havana Cigars

FROM THE FACTORIES OF

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La Espanola, La Africana,

Henry Clay & Bock & Co.

Write for Samples And Compare Prices!

We have a country order department that will attend to your wants and save you anywhere from 25 to 5 0 cents on every dollar.

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Are coming forward by every steamer and are being "Distributed all over

A single yard or article at wholesale prices.

Queen Street, L. B. KERR Honolulu.

The Pacific Hardware Gold, have added largely to their stock of goods by late arrivals- and as always; are qiving Their customers full value for Their money. "Universal Stoves are the best and sell on arrival. an in= voice at hand and another on the way
Revere Garden Hose, Grainte,
has no equal.
New Ide al Sewing Mach's,
are quaranteed.
The Cyclone Wind
mill-"Survival of the fittest,
a few years test has four competitors out of the field-orders follow faster than they can be filled - New Goods all around at Lowest Prices.

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Office: 527 Merchant St., San F ancisco, Cal. Factories: South St., Francisco and Berkeley, Cal. J. E. MILLEI, MANAGER.

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HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS. NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA. HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH. FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order-

The manufes manufactured by the California Ferrilizer Works are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh. Pot isn and Macros a salts.

No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton it sold under a contranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike and or excellent me-

chanical condition and had analysis have no superior in the intrict.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material or resultive use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large nel constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizer case of start lby the Cathornia reference. Works is the best possible proof of Pietr superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

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_ NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Hamaiian Gazetic.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

SUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

TUESDAY......APRIL 27, 1897

OPEN THE DOORS.

The questionable policy of see recy sometimes apparent in official circles seems to have taken a more aggravated form in semi official circles. For some months past the city has been full of talk concerning the reognition of the military, by the Government, as against the Citizens Guard. The volunteer of ficers have held their meeting talked over the situation and finall made known their grievances to th Executive. The interview with the Executive was held behind closed doors, the ban of secrecy was enforced and all the public knows about the affair is that the officers of the military "were satis-

Now comes a meeting of the volunteer officers to "organize a social club." This is indeed a most innecent matter for discussion, but at the last moment we find these gentlemen placing every man on his honor to say nothing about what was said or what, if anything, was accomplished. This seems to be the most senseless action the officers of the volunteer forces have ever allowed themselves to be mixed up in. The public may well begin to ask when this idiotic fashion of Star Chamber gatherings for discussion of matters in which a good proportion of the people of the city are interested, is going to stop. If this thing is kept up the result is sure to be disastrous Friends of the Government want to know "what's up," and possibly become suspicious. Enemies of the Government get a handle by which they club the integrity of officials.

Not long ago the Portuguese made a request to form a fraternal and political organization and were refused. These men now point to the meetings of the volunteer officers where the public is shut out and want to know the difference between what they proposed to do and the action of what we might term semi officials. They size it up that one set of the citizens of a Republic can do what another set cannot do, which is not upheld by one single principle of true demoeracy. The officers will undoubtedly reply: "The Government knows what we are doing." What if it does! Where does the public get off?

The very fact that these gentlemen are among the strongest sup porters of the Government ought to lead them to so carefully guard their action that there will not be the slighest appearance of favoritism. This country is not in the throes of political dissension. There is no occasion for our military officers to lay their social club plans behind closed doors and also close the mouths of those attending the meeting. There is however, a multitude of reasons why the doors should be open. The public will give all sorts of versions of the meeting; sooner or later the numerous misrepresentations made will force the doors open. Why not admit that the public has some interest in what goes on among those intimately connected with national affairs! Why not act according to the principles that underlie a true Republic! The gentlemen in the military are leaders. As such they shoulder a responsibility which they cannot thrust aside by the mere statement that "the publie isn't interested."

IMMIGRATION IN FRANCE.

will put a stop to the influx of Ger not mind risking a little in coffee much more might have been ac- crying seandal, and, instead of immuch of their time and successful mans and Italians. All classes and and cocoa," was his argument. But complished, if Mr. Armstrong's proving with the times and the ad- effort in building up the Free Kin-

arms on this one proposition. The why it was that in the years of place can only be surmised, but professional men of Paris object to saccharine prosperity, the minor we firmly believe the conditions the German physicians, teachers industries had been cast aside. and clerks; the northern departments dislike the Belgian factory advance of the British West Indies. hands and the farmers of the South It has a good seized rice industry, upon the mistakes of the past excry out against the Italian miner and coffec is fairly well under way, cept as they furnish material for ınd farmer.

of foreigners two laws are contem- planters. Coffee growing in Haplated. One is against foreigners waii has peculiarities of its own. do more extensive work than is now in general. It is proposed to im- The authority from Guatemala, performed by the Board of Immipose a military tax upon every for- Brazil or Ceylon finds his general gration. This work can be accom-

claims that as each native born a peculiarly Hawaiian fashion. citizen is required to give a certain The planter must adapt himself to number of years service in the Hawaii, not Hawaii to the coffee army, the foreigners should not be planter's previous theories. allowed to receive all the benefits of French protection without pay- ests of the coffee planters here, ing any of the penalties. The more than an experiment station looks as if Mr. Fitzgerald had plan is to tax all foreigners for the conducted by the Government. drummed good ideas into the minds same number of years that French- Every planter of the country men serve in the army; a portion would share in the benefits. The cal" men and the time has come the proceeds to be paid the famil- coffee industry deserves a larger for positive, progressive action. ies or widows of poor French share of national funds than sugar

foreigners for infringing this law is to be imprisonment from six months to two years and a fine of from \$100 to \$400. It is stated that the enactment of this law will necessitate all except a few foreign teachers of languages to leave the

As is suggested by a Cologne paper, the enactment of these exclusion laws is liable to result in the depopulation of France. "Like the Chinese they are anxious to close their frontiers. They forget how ever that the Chinese increased like rabbits behind their walls while France would lose with the immigrants the only fecundate element. For in spite of all the warnings of the press, the people are little inclined to burden them selves with large families."

HELP THE NEW INDUSTRIES.

The discussion brought about by the deplorable industrial situation in British Guiana furnishes a lot of valuable conclusions. British Gui- tion, but we trust that the visit of cussed. The general verdict seem ana is now suffering from general Mr. Fitzgerald will amount to to be that the pie must go. business depression, because all the something more than the exchange people put all their money into of favorable opinions. sometime past it has brought gen- honest they will immediately bepeople find themselves on the verge and quite another thing to go to of bankruptcy and are beginning work in a systematic style and to ask what is the matter?

British Guiana citizens put all the planters and the Government their eggs in one basket. They as well. Actions speak louder have no industry to turn to that than words. We have it on good will tide them over the present sea- authority that one, perhaps two, son of depression. They are exin Hawaii almost any day unlesing new lines of industry.

British Guiana, gave a lecture on al advance all along the line. "Minor Industries, in the city of

Hawaii is today a step or two in they are today. Nothing will promote the inter-

or rice, simply because the latter To get at the intellectual for- are well on their feet and can "go eigners the Frenchmen want a law it alone." Coffee and every other to prevent the employment of a young and struggling industry foreigner in any of the schools, should be given every assistance public or private, without the possible from the Governmental special consent of the Minister of cash box. Sugar is now a prosper-Education. The penalty placed on ous king, but we should draw a lesson from the countries that have found by bitter experience that sugar may become a bankrupt king. Now, while we are enjoying affluence, is the time to pave the way to continued industrial stability. The experiment station has long been talked of. It is high time for it to be in practical

KEEP THE BALL ROLLING.

working order.

Commissioner Fitzgerald seems o have sized up the labor situation in this country just about as it is. The fearless manner in which he has talked facts has had a very good effect in circles where the white labor proposition was once laughed at. A general change in the atmosphere has been noted, and it is to be hoped that this new state of affairs will continue after Mr. Fitzgerald returns home. At the present time we find many saying "ves, ves" in answer to white labor sugges-

make the changes. This last is The answer is simple enough, now the duty that devolves upon The latter part of February, Dr. ever even talked white labor. A on the agricultural condition of little. What is needed is a gener-

The Government can show its try needs is greater diversification upon the powers-that-be that this of agricultural industry. He told important commission has been alall kinds of objections to the sug two years ago might have been con- the public into their confidence. gestions made. They said they had tinued, so that the Labor Commistried these and other new indus sioners of California would at etries and had made failures. One least find some semblance of an or-

conditions seem to have locked this same speaker could not explain advice had been taken in the first would be far in advance of what

We do not believe in dwelling The principal requirement in coffee drawing proper conclusions in the To put an end to the competition is more co-operation among the future. What Hawaii needs today is an active working arm that will turally be supposed that the au eigner entering the country to earn rules apply, but many questions plished if the Executive will exera livelihood. The Frenchman of detail must be dealt with in cise a little more activity and put the machinery of the Labor Commission in proper order. Water doesn't rise higher than its own people behind them. But it now of some of our intensely "practi-

New York directors of the public schools have declared war on pie. As a means of replenishing the wasting energies of school children, pie has been placed upon the black list. Superintendent Jasper says: "Many of the children who lunch at the schools don't bring their lunches from their homes, but instead, bring a few pennies to buy it with. They are left, therfore, entirely to their own judgment. Their judgment runs to pie. They go out to the candy stores and bakeries and get a piece of indigestible mince, custard, lemon or pumpkin pie, and eat it usually without any warm drink to stimulate digestion. Sometimes they invest their pennies in cakes and cookies that are equally destructive to their health, or in a big stick of poisonous red candy. It is a serious matter with us. I believe the board of education will adopt the plan suggested." Not withstanding many of our resi dents point with pride to the fact that their ancestors came from the great American pie belt, and there fore might be prejudiced in favor of pie, we believe this is a subject that might well receive attention from our Board of Education New York is not the only city interesting facts from which the tions. We are pleased to hear where the pie-eating tendencies of people of this country may draw the general expressions of approba- children are being seriously dis-

It would indeed be refreshing sugar. Sugar has been king. For If the employers of labor are if someone could give a sensible reason for the exercise of Star eral prosperity. Now prices are gin to lay plans for obtaining white | Chamber methods in the discussion low, competition sharp; sugar is laborers. It is one thing to say of matters in which the local pubstill king, but it no longer goes nice things about the changes that lie takes an interest. The quaran hand in hand with prosperity. The should be made and can be made tine affair seems to be the latest event in which the public servants have made a grievous mistake by placing the ban of secrecy upon their deliberations. Rumors of every kind and description have been floating about the town. One rumor says "They did" and another says "They didn't." So it corporations are moving in the pro- goes from mouth to mouth and periencing what is liable to happen per direction. The beginning is with each exchange the crime of good so far as it goes. The only the other fellow increases in virulthe people and the Government danger is that after the first en- ence. The powers-that-be delibertake an active interest in promot- thusiasm is worn off some of our ate behind closed doors, and what good friends will forget that they may be a tempest in a tea pot is immediately put down as some-D. Morris, a recognized authority few desultory shots will accomplish thing very serious. As it is, both sides are mad and seem in a fair way to get red hot, and as the public looks at the situation neither Georgetown. He told the assem- good will by resurrecting the Labor side is entirely free from criticism. bled capitalists that what the coun- Commission. It reflects no credit A splendid opportunity is offered of explanation he adds: "No man for public officials to straighten out the affair and set the public at rest them they should make a start in lowed to die a natural death. As a by an open discussion of the whys the production of rice, coffee and matter of fact it reflects discredit, and wherefores. It always pays in cocoa. The wise capitalists made The work that was dropped almost the long run for officials to take

Newspapers readers have been wondering why telegraphic dis speaker said it was useless to speak gamzation to deal with. The pre- patches from Spain are so thor Anti-immigration agritations of mirror inclustries so long as the sent white labor agritation is the resolution of joint. A corres days France has joined in the cry condition. Make us safe and W X Armstrong, chairman of the story. The Spanish telegraph

vance of science, it appears to get worse. Ordinary atmospheric disturbances are sufficient to render inoperative the greater part of the lines throughout the country, while wind generally results in complete paralysis of the whole service. Uncorrespondent states, it would na thorities would not place any addi tional difficulties in the way, and office is exercised without the slightest discretion being used affecting the contents of telegrams level and unfortunately officials detained. Two telegrams to the do not usually move faster than the The Times were recently detained nine hours.

The Congregationalist is author-

ity for the statement that during the last six years the theological students in German universities have decreased from 4,527 to 2,956. The cause given for this state of affairs is the weakening of faith through extreme liberalism, the over-crowding of the ministry and the small salaries paid to pastors. In Prussia, a minister at the beginning receives \$450, and can not expect at any time to receive more than \$900. It is significant that the only two universities which report increased attendance of theological students are Greifswald and Erlangen, which are among the less famous, but which are most conservative. The liberal teaching seems to work both ways in cutting down the number of young men taking up Having the ministry. taught the easy road to Heaven they naturally draw the conclusion that most everybody will get there any way. Consequently as there is not much money in the business of religious teaching, they seek some more renumerative pro fessions.

Industry" is the title of a recent American publication sent out from the offices of the Orange Judd Company, New York. The object of the book is to convince the farmers of the United States that they can raise all the sugar required in the United States. It tells them all about what has been done in sugar beet culture and what can be done. The author is Herbert Myrick, who is at the head of the largest agricultural publishing house in the United States. Mr. Myrick is also treasurer of the American Sugar Growers Society, "which is a coalition of all interests throughout the country in an effort to secure such protection in sugar that the domestic industry may be quickly developed until it supplies the \$100,000,000 worth of sugar now annually imported." The sugar beet growers are a unit against the admission of sugars produced by Asiatic labor. We simply note these facts as an object lesson to numerous friends who look upon white labor suggestions with dignified contempt.

"Sugar a New and Profitable

Notwithstanding Rudyard Kipling has given the reading public many interesting volumes, Mr. Kipling has made know his aspiration to write a "real novel-not a one-volume or a two-volume but a real decent three decker. By way this side of forty at the earliest has secreted enough observation-not to say thought—to write a novel, which, in spite of all they say of the short story, is the real vehicle. Independent firing by marksmen is a pretty thing, but it is the vollev-firing of a full battalion that clears the front."

We call especial attention to the seem to be the proper thing these scaple adustry is not in flourishing sult of the excellent work done by pomlent of the London Times tells article, given in another column, on the Honolulu kindergarten. and is preparing to chact laws that comfortable with sugar, then we do the defunct commission. How system, he says, has always been a The ladies, who have devoted so

dergarten, may be forgiven for feelings of satisfaction in having their work so ably described by a most loyal kamaaina. Mrs. Me-Cully-Higgins wrote of the kindera heavy fall of snow or a gale of garten as she knew it nearly two years ago. The work has progressed remarkably since that time, der this condition of things, the the five-pointed star having received two additions, Palama and Ewa, so that we now have a sevenpointed star with good prospects of a complete and well-rounded circle that the public convenience would in the not far distant future. Anbe to some extent considered. But other step in the stairway of pronot so. The censorship at the home gress is the new Portuguese kindergarten building, recently completed through the generosity of J. B. Atherton.

> The editors of some of our evening contemporaries are adepts at throwing bouquets at themselves. We have been deeply interested in reading about their remarkable careers. May their good opinion of themselves never grow less. Congratulations gentlemen. You are indeed remarkable men. May your wonderful abilities be more in evidence in some other department than the personal column.

HE PURSUED LINCOLN'S ASSASSIN. Edward Doherty

NEW YORK, April 4.—The funeral of Major Edward P. Doherty, who had command of the expedition which captured John Wilkes Booth after the assassination of President Lincoln, will be held tomorrow. Major Doherty died service in the Union cause Major Doherty had won distinction, his reputation and his title of Major he owed to his capture of President Lincoln's assassin. Doherty entered the army at the beginning of the civil war, enlisting in the Seventy-first New York Volunteers, with whom he fought in the first battle of Bull Run. He subsequently served under Generals Grant, AcClellan, Sherman and Sheridan, and was made lieutenant of the Sixteenth New York Cavalry in recognition of

Powers' Wishes Legitimate. LONDON, April 8.-The Sultan of

Furkey has sent an autograph letter to the Czar of Russia thanking His Imperial Majesty for defending the inegrity of Turkey and for inducing the powers to adopt that principle.

The Sultan, in his letter, says that he desires to conform to the wishes of the European powers, and he considers these legitimate.

Mrs. A. Inveen, residing at 720 Heny St., Alton, Ill., suffered with sciatic rheumatism for She doctored for it nearly the whole of this time, using various remedies friends, and recommended by treated by the physicians, but received no relief. She then used one and a half bottles of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which effected a complete cure. This is published at her request to know what cured her. For sale by druggists and dealers; Benson, Smith & Co., wholesale agents for Hawalian Islands.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The Lighthouse Board, at its meeting today, unanimously elected Schley, United States Navy, as chairman to succeed Admiral Walker, retired. Colonel Gillespie of the Corps of Army Engineers succeeds General Wilson as a member of the board.

Blood is essential to and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh The surest way to or other diseases. have good blood is to take Hood's

Sarsaparilla. This medicine purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. It is because of its great power to purify the blood that

Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished so many wonderful cures. It makes the blood pure, drives out the germs of discase. Thousands today enjoy good health

Hoods Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. \$1. Hood's Pills Do not purge, pun or cripe All drug of the

> HOBRON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

LIKELIKE ASHORE

Goes on the Rocks Near Honoipo, Hawaii.

ONLY MEAGER ACCOUNT RECEIVED

Schooner Ka Moi Brought News Last Night.

Cause of Disaster Not Known. Kilauea Hou Saves Cargo. No One Lost.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The Wilder Steamship Company's steamer Likelike is a complete wreck near Honoipu, a place about five miles away from Mahukona. This news was brought down by the schooner Ka Moi, from Hawaii last night, and caused no end of talk in town, as the report received by that vessel from Mahukona, and while at Koholalele loading sugar for this port, was very meager in the matter of details. The captain of the schooner reports as follows:

"At 10 o'clock on Saturday morning we received news from Mahukona to the effect that the Likelike had gone ashore near Honoipu, just off R. R. Hind's place. We learned nothing in regard to the manner in which she went on the rocks. She was going to pieces rapidly, and the Kilauea Hou had gone over from Kukaiau to take the freight out of her."

The Likelike started from this port shortly after 5 p. m. Thursday, in command of Captain Sachs, formerly her first officer. Harry Swinton took the mate's place. On account of the trouble between Captain Fitzgerald and the crew of the Helene, it became necessary to transfer Captain Freeman and the crew of the Likelike to that ves-A new crew was picked out for the Likelike

She was built by Dickey Bros., of San Francisco, and was brought to Honolulu in August of 1877 by Captain Marchant, when she was immediately put on the Hawaii route.

The Likelike was the first large steamer that ever ran between the Islands, and she did a great deal of work for the Wilder Steamship Com-

Later on, the Likelike was commanded by Captain Shepherd, and two years after her arrival, by Captain King, who held her for five years. Since that time she has been in the hands of various captains.

But the Likelike did not confine her trips to Hawaii. The Advertiser of September 29th says:

"The attention of the business and traveling public is called to the change of route in the Likelike's time-table for October 2, 1879. She will not go to windward on that date, but will make the circuit of Kanai, touching first at Nawiliwili, giving an opportunity to all wishing to view the scenery of that beautiful island.

The Likelike, it is understood, is fully insured, but the loss to the comdemand for vessels at this time. The sugar season is on in all its giory steamers to do the work. It is very fortunate that the Helene is here.

It is understood by the reports received on the Ka Moi last night that there was absolutely no chance for the saving of the Likelike. If this is so, and the usefulness of the old steamer is at an end, the Wilder people will very probably send for a new steamer to take her place.

(From Tuesday's Daily.)

The steamer Iwalani arrived yesterday morning with the officers and crew of the wrecked Likelike on board. Captain Sachs could not be found, but the following story of the unlucky incident was obtained from Mate Swin-

"The Likelike left Honolulu last Thursday afternoon for Kukaiau and Laupahoehoe. She arrived in Olowalu at 5 a. m. Friday, and there took on 1.500 bags of sugar. Left at 2 p. m. the same day, after having taken Messrs G. P. and S. G. Wilder aboard. Landing them at Maalaea we left again, and as we entered the channel, Captain Sachs went below for a nap, leaving me in charge, and giving me instructions to call him as soon as land was near. We had steam and sail both on and a

quick passage was made. "At 8:45 p. m. we sighted Mahukona light and awaited off that point. Called that Honoipu was on the lee bow. He

myself to call them.
"When I got them up Captain Sachs gave the order to take in sail and haul down the jib and foresail. Before we got the jib down the Likelike went aground about four steamer lengths away from shore, just this side of Upo-If Point, and about a mile and a half to windward of Honoipu. I glanced at my watch and found it was 10:05

o'clock.
"It was an error of judgment, as Captain Sachs thought that we were further away from shore than we really were. The Likelike was backed, but all to no avail. When she swung around her propeller got foul of the rocks, and ria O'Sullivan. there we were. Boats were lowered and the starboard anchor taken out. Then we houled the hawser taut with day the donkey, but, not an inch would the

steamer budge. "It was midnight, and a hoat was ashere to telephone for the Helene

Kilauea was likewise dispatched to the scene of the disaster. When the Helene hove in sight about 300 bags of sugar were taken out and placed aboard her. No more could be gotten out, as the water poured in and made work impossible.

The Kilauca Hou arrived about daylight, and later on Mr. Wight arrived on the Noeau. He went on board the Likelike, and, after doing all in his power to save the steamer, ordered her abandoned. We got the two donkey engines and a few other things off and put them on the Kilauea Hou. The Iwalani was telephoned for, and she brought us to Honolulu.

From the looks of the Likelike before we left, her bottom must have been smashed badly. She had not yet begun to go to pieces.'

An investigation into the wreck of the Likelike will likely be held today.

NAVAL MEN WIN.

and H. C. C. Teams.

The cricket match, between teams from the Wild Swan and H. C. C., on the old baseball grounds Saturday afternoon, was well attended. The navy men won over the home team by three

People noticed in carriages and on the ground were: British Commissioner A. G. S. Hawes, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Swanzy, Mr. and Mrs. R. Auerbach, Misses Maggie and Cordelia Walker. Miss Juliette King, Mrs. E. D. Tenney, Mr. Faxon Bishop, Mrs. Gaisford, Miss Landers, Miss Palmer, Miss Erickson, the Misses Newell, Miss Lizzie Gurney, Miss Lizzie Grace; Mr. R. A. Jordan, Mrs. H. Herbert, Mrs. A. W. Hewitt, Mr. F. Davey, Messrs. C. Bosse, W. S. May, Ed Giffard, D. Shanks, C. A. Mc-Dowall, Lieut. C. D. Burney, Mr. Cole and Mr. Usborne of H. B. M. S. Wild Swan, Dr. McKibbin, Dr. G. Herbert, Ed Dowsett, J. M. Monsarrat, Charles Wilson, Fred Harrison, T. R. Robinson, T. A. Simpson, C. H. White, R. A. Scrimgeour, Foster, William Thompson and many others. Mrs. Swanzy kindly poured tea.

President Dr. Murray, of the Ho-nolulu Cricket Club, deserves the thanks of all lovers of the English national sport for the spirit he displays in its management. Since he took hold of office, the game has become very much more popular than it ever has been. This fact was attested by the number of people who responded to the invitation to witness the match Saturday afternoon. It was the third game of the series, the H. C. C. winning two and the naval boys one. Just here it ought, in justice to the Wild Swan team, be stated that on the down trip, Leading Stoker Dean had his thumb taken off. He is by far the best bowler that has ever been seen here. This naturally weakened them, and but for this the Honolulu boys might not have been so fortunate.

Below is the game in full, with the names of players and the points made:

H. Herbert16 Dr. Murray 2 J. H. Catton, Jr. M. Hewitt10 St. John Gilbert 3 Clive Davies F. Davev

R. A. Jordan Lycett 8 H. B. M. S. WILD SWAN. Mr. Usborne 0 pany will be heavy on account of the Mr. Ward | sent out his report of the aid rendered, Milligan and, even now, there are not enough | Dr. Marriott 9 Lieutenant Sladen Mr. Smith 6 Total83

"Quarantine" Bill of Fare Supple-

mented by Gift of Cake. The exiles at the "Waikiki Quarantine" were kindly remembered yesterday, supposedly by their friends in Honolulu. The remembrance was in the form of a finely frosted cake, wedding or birthday not stated, which arrived quite opportunely as the party were seated at their noon-day meal. After indulging in much anticipation over the tempting luxury, the exiles were much chagrined to find that the whole affair was a wretched hoax. When they attempted to cut the apparently delicious morsel, the knife came in contact with an obstruction immediately beneath the frosting. Upon investigation the obstruction proved to be the

op of a large-sized lard pail. Further search revealed the fact that beneath the glittering tin foundathe captain at 9:30 o'clock. He came on tion, on which the delicate frosting redeck, and I pointed to the light, saying posed, was a conglomeration of raw carrots, onions and tomatoes, paper went aft to the wheel house for the flowers, a bar of soap, a bunch of fire-men to take in sail. They did not come crackers and a lock of jet-black hair, for some little time, and then I went tied with a dainty yellow ribbon. Accompanying the gift was a memorial, couched in drastic terms and endearing epithets.

Honors are now said to be "easy," and a love-feast is expected upon the liberation of the exiles.

Circuit Court News.

Maleka Mi was appointed guardian of the property of J. K. Mi by Judge Perry yesterday.

Judge Perry has signed an order dismissing the petition for the remov al of the executor of the estate of Ma-

The Tin Sing Wai Company was declared bankrupt by Judge Perry yester-

The annual accounts of J. A. Magoon, guardian of Peter and David Manuel and the Manuel estate, of James Love, lowered and the purser was sent Susan Brash and Rebecca P. Humeku have been filed.

This steamer arrived about 3:30 a.m. Henry Smith, trustee of John Sum Saturday. In the meantime Mr. C. L. ner Eliss, has filed an account of the Wight had been telephoned to, and the estate and a petition for dismissal. ner Eliss, has filed an account of the is quite ill.

he Macnado minors has been filed. The defendant's bill of costs in the case of Soi Kwan Ying Company vs. For Fung Yun Company was filed yes-

terday.

E. H. F. Wolters, defendant, has filed an answer to the complaint of

C. Du Roi, assignee of Mrs. A. D.

Peter High & Co. Emma N. Mahelona has filed a petition to be appointed administratrix of the estate of the late Samuel Mahelona.

The defendants in the case of J. K. Smythe et al. vs. Hakuole et al. have surrendered the property in question under the suit, and the plaintiffs have accepted the surrender, and waive delivery by the Marshal.

W. W. Goodale has been appointed administrator of the estate of the late Warren Goodale.

Judge Carter granted the petition of Close Game Between Wild Swan or children of C. O. Berger, to expend a part or the whole of the principal of the ward, C. O. Berger, in defraying the expenses of sending him to the United States and for maintaining and educating him there.

Upon the approval of Judge Perry, it was stipulated yesterday that the case of the Republic vs. W. J. Gallagher be tried on May 22d

Motion was made yesterday by the defendants in the case of Kealiilaka et al. vs. Moma Pila and Charles Pila, for a change of venue and place of trial of the case to Kohala at the October term.

SELF MURDER.

Japanese Assaults His Wife Then Kills Himself.

Shortly after 7 o'clock Saturday morning Himai, a Japanese, being Puhi, 37, and Naipo, 41. Total, 394. jealous of his wife, Okatsa, secured a razor and cut her throat, and then gashed her on the chin and cheek. Believing the woman would die, and, fearful of the consequences, he immediately slashed himself several times across he abdomen.

The woman belongs to a class that makes its headquarters on Pauahi street, and was for a time engaged in a barber shop. Here she became acquainted with Tetsumura and an intimacy sprung up, which was objectionable to the husband.

Tetsumura was the first to hear of the crime, and he notified Santos, a neighbor. The police were notified, and when they arrived, shortly after 9 o'clock, Drs. Kobayashi, Mori and Uchida were in attendance and sewing up the wounds of the man. Shortly afterwards they were taken to Dr. Kobayashi's hospital and cared for. After a few hours Himai confessed to the attack on his wife, and stated that it was on 'account of Tatsumura's attention to her. Okatsa's wounds were such that it was not thought she could live, but there was some hope for Himai.

Yesterday the man's condition grew suddenly worse and he died. The woman was alive last night, but there is no hope for her recovery. Tatsumura is locked up for investigation.

CHRISTIAN BENEVOLENCE.

Appeal for Funds for Native Church Pastors.

MR. EDITOR:-There is on Kauai a Pastors' Aid Society, which has for its special object the guarantee of a living salary to all the Hawaiian pastors of the Evangelical churches of that Island. Rev. J. M. Lydgate, of Lihue, is the Field Secretary, and has recently lition of each parish. There ic a similar organization in this city for the Oahu pastors. But this is only one de-Mr. Gaisford 24 partment of the multifarious work that needs to be done for the Hawaiians The Hawaiian Board has the general charge of such work, not for Hawaii, ans alone, but for the Chinese, Japan-polyglot community. It is doing the best possible with the limited means at its disposal. Its financial year closes FOOD SCARCE AT WAIKIKI. the middle of next month. The Treasurer is very anxious to have all the obligations of the Board fully met, and to this end needs at least two thousand dollars. This community has always responded promptly and generously to any appeal for aid in this important work. Whoever has not yet contributed directly, or who is ready to give now more than he has already given. is earnestly urged to remit the amount immediately te-the Treasurer, Mr. W. W. Hall, and specify, if so desired, for which department of the work the contribution is designed.

SUNDAY SELLING.

Raid Made on Commercial Saloon Last Night.

About 9 o'clock last night Gus Cordes and some specials visited the Commercial saloon, corner of Beretania and Nuuanu streets, and arrested Joe Silva cessful week's shoot. and Teddy Heeven, proprietors, and J. W. Brown, McGuire and Moran, frequenters of the place, the former for selling liquor on Sunday, and the latter for buying it.

Cordes had his men stationed at dif ferent points around the place, and claims to have had an opportunity to see the transactions going on inside Moran is said to have gone out of the saloon with a bottle in his possession, and was arrested by Cordes. The men were released on bail.

Miowera's Passengers.

Among the Honolulu people who de parted for Vancouver and Victoria on the C.-A. S. S. Miowera yesterday aft-

ernoon were the following: Mrs. J. T. Waterhouse, who is tak ing her four daughters to England to be educated. She will probably remain a year, returning at the end of tha time. Her daughters will spend severa years in England. While Mrs. Water house was walking toward the gang way she was covered with leis by the flower girls, to whom she has shown little kindnesses from time to time

Mrs L. F. Alvarez is on her way to Henry Smith, trustee of John Sum- St. Louis, Mo., to visit her mother, who

The Master's report of the affairs of to England on an extended visit with Mr. Thomas Birnie, who is returning

to his home in the States after a long

visit at the home of his brother, Rev.

D. P. Birnie, of this city. Mr. Gus Mauer, on his way to his Friemann, has made application for home in Berlin, Germany, where he dismissal.

Mermons Depart

A party of Mormons left for Salt Lake City on the Miowera yesterday Wm. M. Mendenhall, who has been in the Islands three and a half years, getting converts to Mormonism, was one of the number. The party consists of two white men and five women, returning to Salt Lake City after a short stay here, and 11 native men and flyd women and three children. Of the na tives, one is from Hawaii, another from Laie and the remainder from Hono luly. They are leaving home for good preferring to spend the remainder of their lives in the atmosphere of Mormonism.

Wm. H. Mendenhall spent one year on Hawaii, one year on Maui and a vear and a haif on this Island. During his year's stay in Honolulu he presided over the Mormon Church of the Latter-Day Saints. He is going back to Salt Lake City for good.

Police Win.

In the rifle match between teams from the police and Company G, N. G. H., Saturday afternoon, the former came off victorious with a margin of 10 points. Following is the score in detail:

Police: Conley, 41; Captain Parker,

39; Captain Fernandez, 40; Lieutenant Chamberlain, 39; Kupihe, 38; Pineha-37; Kaleikini, 44; Kaimihau, 38; Company G: Kulike, 42; Nakuina 35; Rose, 43; Mahoney, 39; Wilcox, 44 Rose, 42; Wallace, 33; Fernandez, 34; Sherwood, 33; Morse, 39. Total, 384.

Jewel Stoves.

W. W. Dimond, sole agent for the Detroit Jewel stove, has an announcement in this issue, which is of interest to every householder in the Islands. The Jewel stove is used here by a great many families, who bought them with the understanding that if they were not entirely satisfactory the money would be refunded. This method of selling stoves is original and exclusive with Mr. Dimond, and by it he wins the confidence of his customers.

Flag Signals.

The men in the Regulars have become quite proficient in signalling. While the ball game was in progress on Saturday, Private O'Connor signaled to Corporal Overbeck, who was stationed on top of Punchbowl, and he signaled to Sergeant Taylor, stationed on top of the Executive building.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Kahuku mill has shut down for a

Sheriff Carter, of Kauni, came down Infra on the W. G. Hall Sunday. One of the monkeys at Long Branch

became vicious on Sunday and Jim

Sherwood shot it. Minister King is ill, and was forbidden by his physician yesterday to see any one on matters of business.

The opening of tenders for construc*ing a road through Kaawalii gulch, North Hilo, Hawaii. has been postponed to May 6th.

The Miowera brought no passengers for this port. The through passengers spent their time seeing the sights in and about the city.

Passports were issued yesterday to 10 Hawaiian members of the Mormon Church, who will leave for Salt Lake City by the Miowera. Young Wolters, luna at Lihue planta-

tion, who fired the shot which killed the rioting Chinaman, came over from Kauai yesterday. The jury held that the shooting was justifiable. H. G. Morse, formerly second mate

with his father on the ship C. F. Sar-

gent, has accepted a position on the

reportorial staff of the Bulletin. He is taking care of the shipping news. The town will be all alive today. The Australia will be in from San Francisco with later news, all the delicacies of the season and a new installment of

bicycles and bicycle paraphernalia. Wall Nichols Co. are prepared to the following: fit out a whole band, no instruments excepted. This is the first time that such an importation has been made by any music store on the islands.

The hunting party, made up of Samuel Parker, H. M. Whitney, Jr., Judge Whiting, W. Lanz and George Robinson, returned from Kawaihae on the Kinau Saturday morning, after a suc-

Some of the horsemen, who have entered for the June races, think a better start can be made if the judges stand was set back 75 feet. This will give them a longer straight stretch, and will require less scoring.

The Mikahala brought news yesterday that fifty acres of cane at Eleele plantation, Kauai, had been completely burned out, Mr. Dreier was to have come down but remained over on account of the fire. It is whispered about that the thing did not occur by

Americans are the most inventive people on earth. To them have been issued nearly 600,000 patents, or more than one-third of all the patents issued in the world. No discovery of modern years has been of greater benefit to mankind than Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, or has done more to relieve pain and suffering. J. W. Vaughn, of Oakton, Ky., says: "I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in my family for several years, and find it to be the best medicine I ever used for cramps in the stomach and bowels. For sale by all druggists and dealers; Benson, Smith & Co., whole-Miss Edith Mist, who is on her way sale agents for Hawaitan Islands.

Awarded Highest Pieners-World's Pels. Gold Medal, Midwinter Peir,

·DR CREAM BAKING **POWDFR**

A Pure Grace Cream of Tartar Powder.

LEWIS & CO.,

Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

LACK OF FOOD IN ALASKA.

Gold Seekers Find Large Nuggets, But Little Bread.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., April 8. ...The steamer Mexico arrived from Alaska at daylight this morning. Two days before sailing from Junea Hugh Day, the mail carrier from Juneau to Circle City, returned from the round trip, which he made in four months. He brought out 500 letters. He says that many miners, blinded by the glamor of gold, are going to Clondyke without provisions, and starvation is almost certain.

According to reports he brings, flour at Circle City is selling at \$4 per sack. At Clondyke there is none procurable at any price less than \$50 a sack, or \$1 a pound, and then only when freighted in from some other point. A man named McKay took down a small quantity from Pelly, which was eagerly bought up at \$40.

A Government Railroad.

NEW YORK, April 6 .- A London cablegram to the Evening Post says: At the Grand Trunk meeting today Rivers Wilson stated that arrangements had been virtually concluded for an intercolonial railway, to be owned by the instrument for the musician, as is Dominion Government, and to run its evinced from the interest which such trains into Montreal, in the heart of the Grand Trunk system, and that to Victor Herbert, Robert Thallon, etc., provide for the increased traffic the are showing by recognizing it as a solo Victoria Tubular Bridge at Montreal would be double-tracked on terms saving the Grand Trunk from any addition to its capital obligations.

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves: In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises

MERIT JEWEL RANGE. I size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE. I size, 3 styles, with Water Coil;
I size, I style, with or without Water

CITY JEWEL RANGE. 2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE. 2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MODERN JEWEL STOVE. 3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MESQUITE' JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes: No.-7 and No. 8.

LEWIS & CO,

No firm of grocers in Honolulu can sell the same quality of goods we offer and at same prices unless they buy right. We boast of our prices just as a proud mother does of her first born-they can't be beat. Nor are the goods we sell excelled in quality by any firm.

Since bringing our wares before the island public by means of printer's ink, the Forders from people on the other islands have doubled in number. This means that the people are satisfied with goods and prices. We are reaching out for trade and to secure it we have goods at exceedingly low cash price. In case lots-2 dozen tins to a case—the consumer gets 40 Years the Standard. the benefit of wholesale prices. Following is a partial list of goods just

received from English and European mar-Copeland's English Peas, Cod's Roes,

Mackerel in Mustard Sauce, Cambridge Sausage, Teyssonneau Pate, Crosse & Blackwell's Pie Rhubarb and Jams, Boneless Sardines, Eating Chocolate, etc.

LEWIS & CO. GROCERS.

THE AUTOHARP.

A BEWITCHING MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

The simplicity of the Autoharp is its most remarkable feature. Any child may play it, at the same time it is an leading artists as Richard Arnold,

A book containing full instructions and 21 or more pieces of music, also tuning key, music rack, and two picks, accompanying each Autoharp. The Autoharps are packed in neat pasteboard boxes which serve as cases.

instrument.

No. 23, Price Complete, \$6.00 net.

WALL, NICHOLS CO. MUSIC DEPARTMENT. Honolule, H. I.

Headquarters for Everything in the Music Line

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widepress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches, when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinker to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for

proper repairs. The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to vs, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave öur workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H.F.WICHMAN

BOX 342.

S. T. ALEXANDER

H. P. BALDWIN

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SAN FRANCISCO. Island Orders Promptly Filled.

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Books all sizes, books all ages; Books by wise men, fools, sages. Papers cheap and papers dear, If you want them order here: UNION (S.) AGENCY, Spreckelsville, Maul



.. NewspaperAACHIVE®

Object to Favoritism Being Shown Militia. .

BELIEVE CREDIT IS DUE THEM

If Militia Gets the Plums Let Them Soldier.

Opinions Expressed by Some of the Members-Proposition to Disband.

Some of the members of the Citizens' Guard are determined that the claims of the military for all of the Government pap belongs to members of the militia shall not go uncontested. The Citizens' Guardsmen consider that they too, have a claim on the Government for services rendered. One of them thinks the objections to their existence and holding office under the Government, instead of being in the militia, is on a par with a demand for all cav-alry and no infantry in the United States.

There seems no doubt that considerable feeling has been created in the minds of a number of the members, and it is all on account of the evident lack of appreciation of their past services by President Dole, as evidenced by the expression of his views by Capt. Paul Smith and others at the late election meeting of Company B. It is the duty of the Citizens' Guards to protect the lives and property of people within the city and guard the streets during the time of trouble. They feel that in the capacity of "Home Guards" they are of as much service to the Government as men in the field. The Sharpshooters, too, point with

justifiable pride at the work they did in 1895 They were at all times in all places; in Moililli, Manoa Valley and the Pali. They believe they did good work then, and feel that they may some time again be asked to perform similar services. One member of an armed organization said yesterday: "If the Government proposed to let

the militia lead them around like dancing bears, the sooner the balance of their supporters knew it the better. Something goes wrong with them, and they form a committee to run off to the President and then run a bluff. They did it with Colonel McLain and again the other day. It is time now that they got next to themselves." The loyalty of this gentleman to the

Republic has not been questioned, nor does he find fault merely on account of Government clerks being obliged to join the militia; he does not happen to belong to that set. Another member of the Citizens

Guard remarked:

"If the President is to sanction and back the unjust attacks made upon bodies of loyal supporters to bolster up the tottering fuss and feathers, the sooner those attacked passed in their commissions, arms, etc., the better for them. It is very fine now for the militia to claim that they "killed the bear," but a comparison of the facts would prove that the other organiza tions were the first and farthest in the field. So far as I am concerned, the Government has no strings, and if the President prefers exhibition soldiers to the men who did the work when it was necessary, and under other circumstances would do it again, he can have them and my gun with them."

Another gentleman, who is a stick-Icr for etiquette, said:
"If the Government is going to take

any action in the premises it would be only common courtesy due the other organizations to ask them to appoint a committee and meet with them. Tho military committee could be present and both sides of the case heard. This affair makes me tired. The trouble is, Smith wants to get a few more scow-

egians to leave their ships and join his company. Then he will give them

jobs on the dredger."

Another "Citizen" said: "I am always ready to turn out and support the Government, but I don't propose to be made a monkey of. The Government is welcome to its patronage, my special rights certificate, my gun and anything else that belongs to them before I will submit to being treated in such an objectionable manner. Things look easy now, and the Government imagines itself to be on such a firm foundation that it does not require assistance outside the military. You newspaper men seem to be getting it in the neck for the same reason, and it surprises every one that you do not kick. As long as you let them do as they please there will be no change. and its the same now with people outside the military. The foundation is all right, but the Government may tumble like a Buddenseick sky scraper.

From these expressions, it is evident bad blood has been engendered through President Dole giving the assurances he did to Captain Smith. is rumored that the captains of the companies in the Citizens' Guards will soon be called together to consider what action had best be taken.

it can collapse and not affect the foun-

SECRET MFFTINGS.

Officers of the National Guard

Assemble Saturday. The officers of the National Guard the reason that through the new architect would under meet band his the public mont four comething land conner is well be puch be

CITIZENS' GUARDS and just at this stage of the game, when there is so much dissatisfaction in and out of the ranks, it is better to From what I can leave the proposed competitive manufacture of the people were kept at high tension for fear keep the people guessing than to let them know the real facts.

One officer, who was present, is remeeting was called merely for the purpose of organizing an ice-cream social club among the members, while another whispered that the men feel that this is the time to put their iron heels down upon the men in the Citizens' Guards who feel that they are entitled to Government patronage. The meetipg was harmonious up to a certain point; there the furies broke loose when some one suggested that, as the Citizens' Guards had already had their fling, it was time that the military should be heard.

As the officers pledged themselves on a volume of Upton's tactics not to di-vulge anything which took place in the meeting, the public will have to judge what it was all about. It is understood that the military, following the rule laid down in other Governmental departments, will meet hereafter only in executive session.

NOA IS CAPTURED

Molokai Murderer Caught by Relative.

Applied for Food and Was Given Up-Returned on the Steamer Mokolii Friday.

Noa, the Molokai murderer, who mashed the head of his Chinese victim with a rock, plundered his store then hid in the mountains, what had been taken, has been captured, and is i now safely locked behind prison bars, with no longer any avenue of escape. The Mokolii, which arrived shortly after midnight last night, brought the much-talked-of criminal to Honolulu. The story, as told by Purser Beckley, of the Mokolii, is as follows: "Noa escaped on Thursday a week

ago, and after having dodged the bullets from Sheriff Trimble's revolver, made straight for Pelekunu, where he has friends and relatives. This place he reached on Friday, and, feeling very tired and hungry, he went to the house of an old relative to ask for something to eat. Something in the manner of the 'makamaka' made him suspicious, and he went back into the mountains.

"In the meantime, the old man had told his son, and the latter went into the bushes, with the hope that Noa might make a second appearance. In this he was not mistaken, for it was not many hours before the murderer. nearly starved to death, approached the house the second time. The old man was as good and hospitable to Noa as he could possibly be, and kept him about the place until Tuesday last. While he was eating lunch the old man made a signal, the son appeared from behind the bushes, and all was up with Noa. The son calmly said to the murderer: 'Eat until you have finished your meal, and then I am going to arrest you.

" 'Haven't you any aloha for your relations?' asked Noa.

''No,' replied the young man. 'Not when they do such deeds as you and disgrace the family.'

Noa saw that there was nothing for him to do but to succumb quietly, as he was completely at the mercy of the old man and his son, who, dazzled at the prospect of receiving the sum of \$300 as a reward for the capture of he murderer, kept watch over him like

"On Wednesday the Mokolii arrived and Noa was taken to Pukoo and locked in the jail. Yesterday afternoon he as brought on board in handcuffs nd in charge of a stalwart policeman, o be brought to Honolulu."

As Purser Beckley finished relating the story of the capture, Officer Charles Opunui appeared on the wharf leading Noa, with a rope attached to the handuffs on his wrists. The murderer lookd worn out and emaciated. In place of a big strapping fellow, there stood before the eyes of the many who had gathered on the wharf to catch a glimpse of the notorious criminal, a short, slender squinty-eyed man, with a crouching figure and a short beard,

he perfect picture of a sneak-thief. Upon being questioned in regard to the matter he tried to look innocent and declared that he knew nothing at all about the killing of the Chinaman As to his hiding in the mountains, he remarked that it was frequently his habit to tramp through the mountains from place to place. In fact, he had ione this kind of thing from boyhood.

Deputy Marshal Hitchcock did not return on the Mokolii. He told the captain of the Mokolii to wait for the Mauna Loa off Kawnakakai, so that he could get his mail and then board her for Honolulu. When he went alongside the Mauna Loa in his boat he found that his mail was locked in the bag, and that the key was ashore By this time the Mokolii had gotten up full steam, and had met and passed the Mauna Loa. Hitchcock had to have his mail, so he concluded to go back to Kawnakakai, and so the Mokolii came on without him.

SCHOOL HOURS.

"A Parent" Objects to Proposed

Changes. MR EDITOR - I understand it is the intention of the School Board to change the hour of opening schools in the morning from 9 to 8 o'clock, and also to dismiss the children at 12 o clock for the day. I smeerely trust held a secret meeting at headquarters the board will not acceed to the de-Saturday night and a second one yes- sizes of certain teachers for such terder morning. It was decided by he of thee. In mini cases children have men present that no line rectaining to come a love of time to close to the meeting hould be allowed to see a live of the mother has to do not into the per papers presum bly fer in the household dute the charge

changes are chiefly advocated by teachers engaged in outside employments, and who would, under the new arrangement, be enabled to devote a full half day to their other work and at the same time draw a full day's pay from the School Board. In any event, before the changes referred to above are adopted, the board should consult the parents and ascertain their wishes in the matter. This could be easily done by each head of family sending a short note to the teachers of the various schools. Yours truly,

A PARENT.

First Regiment Players Were too Slow.

Large Crowd In Attendance-But Little Enthusiasm.

Six hundred people pald on Saturday to see the Star team beat the Regiments in one inning. So much had been said of the capabilities of the imported Regiment team that it was Bower, ss..... 5 felt that the champions would have Davis, 2b..... 5 no show to win-but they did. The game had no special features, and was a disappointment.

Kiley, catcher for the Regiments, showed up in fairly good form, but on one occasion was so elated at putting a man out at home that he forgot to watch his bases and allowed two men to advance. But Kiley is a good player and a hard worker, and will undoubtwith the aid of two other rascals and edly make a showing before the season ends. Three-Star Hennessey, the pitcher, was not what it was expected he would be. He struck few men out, but managed to allow several to get to base on balls. In this respect he differed little from Hart of the Stars. Moore the captain and first base, played good ball, and Duncan, at center, made a record for himself in taking down flies.

The Regiments will probably be heard from before long, but they will need practice. Seven of the men bad never played here before, and knew nothing of the capabilities of the Star team. But they have little ways of their own, which the other players will have to get on to. Their knack of bat-ting right or left-handed, while not effective, may at least confuse the pitch-

er. The Regiment team seems well posted in field rules, but if Captain Moore will insist upon the enforcement of the clause which provides for less jarring among the men, the game will over this particular clause several times on Saturday, and, though no Hawaiian Islands.

The Star boys out-staired themselves in batting-when they teached the ball-and the poor outfielding of the Regiments permitted them to pile up 12 runs in the first inning. The nine has been materially strengthened by the addition of Pahou, Cunha and Koki, the latter proving an excellent man at the bet. One tap in the first inning when three men were on bases, brought them home and took him to third. Babbitt played right-field for a portion of the game, but was relieved by Sam Mahuku in the sixth inning, stands today at the head in popularity when the former struck himself with a but and injured his leg. Hart was out of form in both arm and legs. He did not pitch effectively, and couldn't run. The only errors on the Star side were made by Wilder. Following is the score in full: STAR.

A.B. R. B.H O. A. E.
. 5 4 3 2 2 2
. 7 2 1 0 8 0 wilder, 3b 5 4 Hart, p 7 2 Cunha, c..... 7 Lishman, ss.... 6 Pahau, et..... 5 Ross, if...... 6 Woods, 1b..... 4 Koki, 2b..... 4 Babbitt, rf..... 1 McNicholl, rf... 1 Mahuka, rf.... 2 1 Total48 22 20 27 23

FIRST REGIMENT.

Moore, 1b..... 3 Gorman, 3b..... 4 Kiley, c..... Luahiwa, lf.... Duncan, cf..... 4 O'Connor, rf.... 5 Hennessey, p... 3 Total36 8 11 27 15 11

Earned runs: Star, 7; Regiment, 2. rwo-base hit: Lishman. Three-base nits: Pahau, Koki and Davis. Bases on balls: Wilder, 2; Pahau, 1; Woods, 2; Koki, 1; Babbitt, 1; (total by Hennessey, 7;) Bower, 1; Davis, 1; Moore, 2; Gorman, 1; Kiley, 2; Duncan, 1; Hennessey, 2; (total by Hart, 10;). Bases on hit by pitched ball: Babbitt and Kiley. First base on balk: Koki.

Struck out: By Hart, 6; by Hennessey Passed balls: Cunha, 2; Kiley, 1.
 Wild pitches: By Hart, 2. Time of game: 2 hrs. 30 min. Umpires: H. M. Whitney, Jr., and G. Lucas. Scorers: V. J. Forbes and A. Perry.

The Rev. W. H. Weaver, pastor of the U. B. Church, Dillsburg, Pa., recognizes the value of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and does not hesitate to tell others about it. "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says, "and find it an excellent medicine for colds, coughs and hoarseness. So does everyone who gives it a trial be more enjoyable. Silent Gorman fell Sold by all druggists and dealers; Benson, Smith & Co., wholesale agents for



MRS. WALLACE'S \$50,000 GOWN. Mrs. Celia Wallace, of Chicago, whose \$50,000 gown has attracted so much attention, is a very rich woman, with an income of perhaps \$100,000 per year, of which fully half goes to charity. She is the widow of Judge Wallace, of Chicago.

When You Paint the Town Red You will be the best trouble afterwards if you do it with HALL'S COTTACE PAINT, a brand that you can feel sure is 111 ght. This paint is made for us at one of the largest paint and color works in the United States, and we guarantee every tin of it, because it is guarateed to us by Pure Lead, Pure Oil, Pure Dryers, Pure Colors, are used in HALL'S COTTAGE PAINTS: Result—satisfaction for

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Cures while you Sleep Whooping Cough, Asthma, Croup, Catarrh, Colds. Crosolono which approved in the cook room will give immediate relief.

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A natural aperient water, bottled at the Uj Hunyadi Spring, Hungary, as an aperient water in the estimation of the medical profession. The leading hospitals in the United States and England prefer it to all other mineral

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The Lancet, The British Medical Journal, The Edinburgh Journal, The Medical Press and Circular all commend it with strong and forcible language to people who are suffering from Constipation; Biliousness, Fatty Degeneration, and in all cases where an aperient is needed.

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aperient taken before breakfast, will assist nature to throw off the impurities in the system that tend to wreck our health and make life miserable. APENTA WATER is a true spring water.

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For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are

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PART PLAYED BY KAMEHAMEHA

The Whole History of Annexation Reviewed.

Interesting Phases of Attempts to Make Hawali a Part of United States.

The Los Angeles Times publishes, in a recent issue, an interesting article since 1853. The Times calls some of the incidents which it presents "hitherto unwritten history." The article is

The proposed annexation of Hawaii is no new thing, at least not to the people of California. In fact, it is merely the revival of an old proposition. In 1853 John T. Wright, known all over the Coast as "Bully" Wright, had three steamboats called the Sea Bird, West Point and S. B. Wheeler. The two former ran to Sacramento and the latter to Vallejo and Benicia when "Heenatown" was the capital of the State, and John Bigler, otherwise called "John Tahoe," was Governor. Bigler was an anti-slavery Democrat, and among his "kitchen cabinet" was and among his kitchen cabinet was an irascible but thoroughly good hearted old gentleman named Garret W. Ryckman. "Uncle Garry" hailed from New York, where he had been a devoted henchman of Silas Wright and William L. Marcy. His son, Captain cisco.
George Ryckman, commanded the West

The Wright boats were too slow to be anything of a formidable opposition to such boats as the Senator, New World, Antelope and Confidence, any one of which could make fourteen miles an hour under favorable conditions. And hence they were seeking subsidies from the newly formed California Steam Navigation Company, of which Captain James Whitney, Samuel J. Hensley and Marshall Hubbard were the principal incorporators. Hensley finally agreed to pay Wright \$3,000 a month if his three boats were taken out of California waters, supposing he would take them to Oregon or Puget Sound. Wright accepted the offer and sent them to the Sandwich Islands at once. His financial backer was James Wadsworth, a hardware merchant of San Francisco, who came to the coast as sutler of Stevenson's regiment in 1846. As soon as the steamers got there they were given Hawaiian registers and had native names painted on their paddle boxes. The West Point was lost in 1854 and her machinery was sold at auction. A whaling captain purchased it and took it to Sitka, where it was used in the equipment of a Russian gunboat called the Politkofsky, now running on Puget Sound as a towboat. The Wheeler was wrecked near Lahaina a few months later, and as where it was purchased by Captain Richard Hoyt and Simeon G. Reed (who died in Pasadena about eighteen months ago), and put into the steamer Eliza Anderson, then the largest boat built west of the Rockies. She is still running on Puget Sound.

INDUSTRIAL CONDITIONS.

At the period alluded to the social and industrial conditions of the Sandwich Islands were wholly different from what they are now. Honolulu and Lahaina were the winter rendezvous of several hundred whaling vessels engaged in the Arctic oil trade, a business which, though very much shorn of its former proportions, has long since been transferred to San Francisco, From the last of September till the middle of March the streets of Honolulu were crodwed with people of every imaginable nationality. The Passamaquoddy Indian of Maine jostled the swarthy Bhotan of India; the pigeyed Chinaman elbowed up against the angular and awkward New Bedford Yankee, and the Arancanian of South America lit his pipe at the cigarette of the mercurial Frenchman. All was serene. Oil was trumps and they held a full hand.

There was no sugar industry at that period. What saccharine matter was consumed there came either from China or Batavia. Had there been a sugar industry then, as now, the scheme planned out in San Francisco by the shrewd old "Garry" Ryckman might have been brought about comparatively without anything like a severe struggle. From March till September all was peace and quiet. Occasionally a big clipper would arrive from San Francisco and carry away in her capacious hold the cargoes of five or six whalers (which never exceeded 500 tons register) had brought down from the land of the midnight sun. But beyond that Honolulu was very quiet for seven months.

Influences at Washington were not wanting at that period to aid the plan which old Captain Wright saw must be brought about to perfect his enterprises. One of his trusted friends was James O'Meara, who had previously been assistant editorial writer on John Nugent's Daily Herald in San Francisco. He was the political figurehead in the case, although Ryckman and his condjutors in San Francisco were nearer to the throne than he. O'Meara is still alive, though broken in health living at Santa Rosa or thereabouts Just what his position was nobody but himself knows to this day, but the general belief was that he was paid a handsome salary, and that the money came from parties in Washington who

were very close to President Pierce. He could write up the true story, the "in-side history" of that affair, and just at this time it would be mighty interest-

PREPARED FOR ANNEXATION.

Everything was in readiness for the annexation of the Sandwich Islands to the United States on the 1st of January, 1855. The group of Islands was to be called the State of Hawaii, and King Kamehameha's son Alexander (who afterwards ascended the throne with the title of Kamehameha IV.) was to be one of the two United States Senators, and the other was to be of American birth. But on the 13th day of December, 1854, just as O Meara and Wadsworth were ready to leave for Washington, via San Francisco, old Kamehameha III. was taken violently ill and died two days later. The streets of Honolulu were rife with rumors of his having been poisoned, and accusing Prince Alexander of complicity in the plot to remove him. The first part of this story may be true, but the latter portion seems beyond credence. This knocked the whole thing into

"pi," as our typographical friends put it. Alexander convoked the Council of Nobles at once and was proclaimed King, under the title of Kamehameha IV., with a degree of haste that seemon annexation movements in Hawaii ed almost indecent. The missionary element, aided by a faction of the nobility that had always viewed Americans with distrust, were the chief or-ganizers in the affair. Annexation passed away like any other nine days wonder, and the American element soon returned to California, Wads-worth was "out and injured" to the tune of nearly \$100,000 in the whole transaction, as the boats ran at a dead loss for eight months in the year. In 1860 he made a second fortune in the Gould and Curry mine at Virginia City, but lost it by being too confiding in the friendship of Ralston and Sharon. In 1887 Governor Bartlett appointed him State Insurance Commissioner and at the close of his official term he removed East to reside with relatives. He was, more than any other ten men in the State, living ir dead, entitled to be called the father of the Society of California Pioneers. His liberality and public spirit were too much even for the two ample fortunes that once stood to his credit in the banks of San Fran-

There is no particular bearing of the above narrated circumstances upon the present situation of Hawaiian affairs, but the Times has a large clientage of readers who never heard of the incidents above narrated, and it has, for that reason, given them as a matter of hitherto unwritten history.

O. R. & L. EXTENSION.

Waialua.

It was announced on the streets yes terday that the Oahu Railway Company would extend its line to Kahuku and that work would begin very soon Full particulars were not obtainable, but it is understood that Mr. Dillingbam has arranged with contractors to build the road, and take a large portion of the cost in stock in the company.

The extension of the line means the opening up of some fine land along the route. It will also enable the Halstead Brothers to ship their sugar to Hono. lulu by rail, instead of steamer.

It was recently ascertained in Chicago that boys in the public schools were in the habit of buying cigarettes at little stores in the neighborhood of the school houses. Many brands were found to contain drugs which make the the news had reached there of the dis-covery of gold in British Columbia, the gerous. The Common Council has now Sea Bird came back to California alone. imposed a tax of \$100 on each dealer. The Wheeler's engine was bought on and has limited the distance from the speculation and shipped to Oregon, school houses to any building where cigarettes are sold. The hope is to render the continuance of this trade so difficult as practically to destroy it altogether.

> The British Embassy in Washington costs the people of England about \$90,000 a year, or two-thirds as much as the expense of our whole State Department. The German Embassy costs about \$60,000; the French about \$50,-000, and the Italian about \$30,000.

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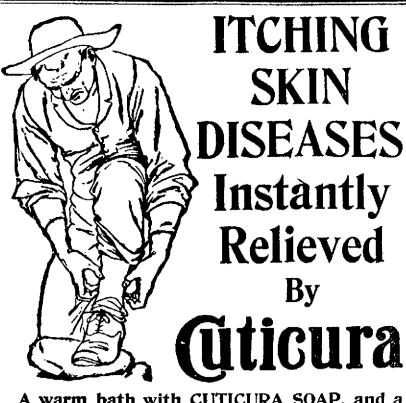
of health, if you only supply the blood with its lacking nutriment; vitalize it, or if you like, fertilize it. A large number of so called tonic remedies are disguised stimulants. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a stimulant but a nourishment. It feeds the blood and so enriches it, as well as purifies it. That is why physicians recommend

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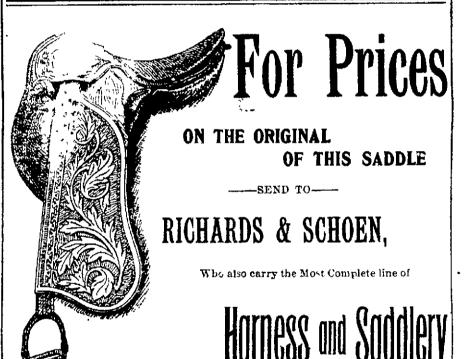
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bility in respect of each other.

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The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of P. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents. General Insurance Company for Sea, River and

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AMERICAN

Laborers Should Have High Political Status.

Destructive Influence of Compstition With Indentured Coolle Labor

The Louisiana Planter publishes an article on the American labor system, which deals with the "destructive influences" upon the American sugar industry of competition with other sugar producing countries where imported, indentured labor is used. The writer says, in part:

Henry Clay said that to maintain the American Union in all its integrity it was essential that the American laborers should have a higher status in borers engaged in similar occupations in other countries, if it were hoped to

would seem to be that the American erican laborer should have some consuch as shall the better enable him to acquire such a condition of living and degree of intelligence as shall enable him to maintain the dignity of the American citizen as one of the peers of the Republic, and that he shall not be reduced to conditions similar to these of the low forms of labor engaged elsewhere in those industries in which we find satisfactory fields for the energy, skill and intelligence of our laborers.

cricis in the sugar industry, not only of this country, but of the world. In the West Indies, in the English colonies of Demarara and Trinidad, it is asserted that without the indentured or semi-slave coolie labor they would be lost. Similar conditions prevail in Queensland. In the Sandwich Islands, that little Republic in the Pacific that sends its sugars to us free of duty under the reciprocity treaty of 1876, we find that, other than Portuguese, there are about 3,000 or 4,000 white citizens. and that the labor system is based upon Chinese, Japanese, Kanaka and Portuguese imported, indentured labor. Of course, we in Louisiana feel, with

exceptional sensibility, the destructive influences that such competition from Europe, the English colonies, the Sandwich Islands, and in fact from through out the whole sugar world, has upon our domestic industry. The principle is the same, whether we be engaged in the manufacture of sugar, of iron, of cotton, or of wool, the working theory of our Government has been to protect and maintain the dignity of the American laborer, to give him a status in matters educational and social that shall make him the possible recipient of the highest honors the nation can There would seem to be no other way by means of which our great Republic can be maintained, and such a sacrifice as is essential to the maintenance of these conditions must be

the right as well as of the wrong, to promote their personal ends, and the the American laborer has been attacked as the cause of some of those fla grant abuses with which public opinion has been outraged during recent

Stmr Mikahala, Thompson, from Kauai ports. Stmr Waialeale, Parker, from Kaua ports.

Molokai and Lanai.

and Maui ports. Stmr James Makee, Tullett. from

Sunday, April 25. Ger bark Paul Isenberg, Wuliman

109 days from Liverpool. Stmr Claudine, Cameron, from Maui

Kauai ports. Schr Ka Moi, from Hamakua. Monday, April 26.

C.-A. S. S. Miowera, Hay, from the Colonies. Stmr Iwalani, Parker, from Hawaii

haina, Maalaea, Kona and Kau. and Kukuihaele.

Saturday, April 24. U. S. S. Petrel, Wood, for Asiatic sta-

tion. Stmr Wainleale, Parker, for Kilauea. Monday, April 26.

ai ports. Stmr James Makee, Tullet, for Kapaa.

Stmr Mokolii, Bennet for Lahaina Molokai and Lanat

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

From Kauni per stmr Mikahala April 22- J. Cunningham, Mr. Pase

and 9 on deck.

W. Auld and two children, and six on

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per stur Kinau, April 24 .-- Volcano: Howand Hitchcock, Miss J. Tanner, Miss Newell, Miss L. L. Chaffee, R. D. Jenkins, E. L. Fitzgerald, E. M. Green, J. F. Brown, W. H. Hoogs, Mrs. Avery, Mrs. Harrison. Way ports: L. C. Lyman, C. S. Desky, W. W. Goodale, J A. Scott, P. Peck, E. Very and daughter, Mrs. M. Milne, Miss Annie Parke, T. Wolff, H. Smith, Mrs. A. Meir, J. G. Dow, F. Scott, H. P. Walton, Mrs. H. L. Achilles and three children, W Leanz, C. L. Brown, H. M. Whitney, Jr., George Robertson, Judgs W. A Whiting, Samuel Parker, Godfrey Brown, C. J. Falk, S. Mahuka, wife and child, Mrs. Pritchard, Miss J. Bend, Miss L. Doirn, Miss M. R. Forbes, L. B. Ainsworth, wife and child, Mrs. Ah Fook, child and servant, R. O. Hogg, S. Ah Mi, E. Johnson, Rev. H. Kihara and 62 deck passengers.

From Kauai ports, per stmr W. G. Hall, April 25.—E. D. Tenney, Wray Taylor, R. W. T. Purvis, M. D. Monsarrat, W. A. Wall, W. Berlowitz, Miss Grau, Miss L. Felix, Miss M. Muller, Miss A. Kellner, Master Kellner, F. W. Carter and son, H. Kellner and wife, F. Pahl and wife, H. Wolters, Mrs. M. Kohler, Mrs. Ng Chan, Tal Long, and 43 on deck.

From Maui ports, per stmr Claudine, April 25.-C. B. Wells, Brother Bertram, J. A. McCandless, Miss C. Paecki, F. Waldron, J. S. Garnett, A. N. Kepoikai, N. W. Aluli, J. H. Kunewa, W. J. Stoddart, J. Morse, F. C. Achong, Miss Wong Leong, G. P. Wilder, S. G. Wilder, Captain Ipsen, M. F. Cunningham, wife and seven children, Mrs. Kina Kahooilimoku, Chang Chung, Mrs. Awana, Miss Julia A. Kana, L. M. Vettlesen, J. M. Dowsett, A Enos and wife, H. P. Baldwin, J. P Cooke, E. H. F. Wolters, W. Y. Horner, F. C. Clark, R. D. Moller, T. W Lishman, Nellie Koli, J. B. Pakele William Keo and 42 on deck.

From Maui ports, per stmr Claudine, April 25.--3,843 bags sugar, 177 bags notatoes. 40 bags corn, 99 hogs, horses, 40 head cattle, 40 hides and 100 packages sundries.

From Hawaii, per stmr Iwalani, April 26.—George Angus, William Stanley, Captain Sachs, Harry Swinton, C. Flinn, J. Little, H. Kallstrom G. Bromley and 23 on deck.

For Vancouver and Victoria, per C. A. S. S. Miowera, April 26.—Mrs. M. Mander, Wm. Churchill, Gus A. Mauer. Thomas M. Birnie, H. Smith, Mrs. E Luce, Miss E. F. Mist. Mrs. L. F. Alvarez, Mrs. C. E. Pritchard, Miss S. E. Pinder, Mrs. J. T. Waterhouse and the Misses Waterhouse, Henry Moss, Mrs. J. Batchelor, Harris J. Batchelor Frank A. Batchelor, John Rutledge Charles Suprey, Mrs. Alex. Moir, Mrs. Sam Milne, Mrs. Jane Wilson, Mrs. John McKenzie, James G. Low, W. Burton, wife and daughter, Mrs. Kannamo, Wilder T. Hatch, Oliva and three children, Mrs. Makakehao and two children. Keahi, wife and baby, Palikapu, wife and four children, Will 3. Farrell, William Mendenhali and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Baird.

MARRIED.

UERRERO-KANAMU.-In this city at the Catholic Cathedral, April 24, 1897, Michael Guerrero to Annie Kanamu, both of this city.

MHYBE VIO MANE

The U.S. S. Petrel sailed for the Asiatic station Saturday morning. She will remain there five years.

Laysan Island Thursday, after a cargo of guano for H. Hackfeld & Co.

The pile-driver, with a chisel at the and of it, is again at work on the rocky edge near the Mauna Loa's wharf.

The German bark Paul Isenberg. Wuliman master, arrived in port about noon yesterday, 109 days from Liverpool, with a cargo of 1,432 tons of general merchandise for H. Hackfeld & Co. Included in this are flumes, steam plows and railroad iron. The Paul Isenberg struck some very rough weather. While rounding the Horn

she had all her sails carried away. The Monowai leaves San Francisco for this port April 29th, arriving here May 6. This will be her last trip. Her place will be taken by the Moana, leaving Sydney June 7th, and arriving here June 24th, on her first trip. Captain Carey will be in command. The Aorangi leaves Sydney May 10th and arrives in Horolulu in the Warrimoo's place, May 24th. This will likewise be her first trip.

The R. M. S. Miowera, Chas. W. Tay commander, arrived in port and hauled alongside the Pacific Mail wharf about 8 a. m. yesterday. Following is the report, kindly furnished by the purser: "Left Sydney April 11th at 1 p. m. and arrived in Suva morning of Experienced fine weather throughout the trip. Left Suva 4:45 p m. same date: cleared the Fiji group a. m. following day. Passed Island noon on Thursday, April 20th. The R. M. S. Warrimoo was signalled 6 p. m. of the 21st, "all well, from this port. Strong NE, trades were met with, accompanied by high seas, keeping ship back somewhat. Weather Improved Sunday, 25th, and continued fine to port, which was reached as nhove.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

United States Branch Hydrographic Office, Merchants' Exchange. San Francisco, Cal.

Captains of vessels touching at any of the ports of the Hawaiian Islands. y communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco will be furnished with the Monthly Pilot Charts of the North Pacific, and with the latest information regarding the dangers of navigation in the regions which they frequent.

Nautical inquiries will be investigat- \sim and answered.

Mariners are requested to report to

ther information which can be uti-From Khuai, per stmr James Ma- dized for correcting charts or sailing diections, or in the publications of the Pllot Charts of the North Pacific W. S. HUGHES,

FOREIGN OFFICE NOTICE.

This day had audience of the President Mr. H. Shimamura, His Imperial Japanese Majesty's Diplomatic Agent and Consul General, who presented his credentials from His Majesty the Emperor accrediting him in the capacity of Minister Resident in the Republic of Hawaii.

In presenting the autograph letter of the Emperor, Mr. Shima

MR. PRESIDENT: The Consulate General of Japan in Hawaii has been raised to the rank of Legation, and it has pleased His Imperial Majesty, My August Master, to designate me as His Minister Resident, to reside in the Republic of Hawaii.

Permit me, Mr. President, in Diplomatic Agent; and I express pleasant personal and official amenities may be continued in my new and more extended relations with your government.

I avail myself of this occasion to assure you of my sincere desire for your future health and welfare.

To which the President replied:

ister, that your Government, in view of the large number of your countrymen who are resident here, has seen fit to raise the Consulate General of Japan in Hawaii to the rank of Legation. And it is very acceptable to me and this Government that His Imperial Majesty has designated vourself, whom we have so long and so favorably known both of ficially and socially, as the one to

sions of good will to myself personally, and I ask you to convey to your Government our satisfaction over its action in increasing the importance of the office representing it in this country, and to His Imperial Majesty my good wishes for his continued health and for the prosperity of the na tion over which he so ably pre-

ter, upon your promotion.

Majesty the Emperor is as fol-

MUTSUHITO.

The bark C. D. Bryant will sail for By the Grace of Heaven Emperor

dent of the Republic of Hawaii, Our Great and Good Friend,

to maintain and promote the relations of friendship and good understanding so happily existing between our respective countries, We do hereby appoint Shimamura, Hisashi, Jugoi, Fourth class of the Imperial Order of the Rising Sun, who is at present residing in Your country, in the capacity of Our Consul General and Diplomatic Agent, to be our Min-

From a knowledge of his fidelity, assiduity and intelligence. We have entire confidence that he will render himself acceptable to You, and We request that you will give full credence to whatever he shall say in Our name.

We take this opportunity to assure you of our most sincere friendship, and of Our ardent wishes for Your health and wel-

Given at our Palace in Tokio, this 6th day of the 4th Month of the 30th year of the Meiji, corresponding to the two thousand five hundred and fifty-seventh year from the Coronation of the Emperor Jimmu.

[Seal of the Empire] [Sign Manual] Countersigned:

Minister for Fere'gn Affairs. S. M. DAMON. Minister of Foreign Affairs ad

Foreign Office, Honolulu April 24, 1897.

> PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE. Kaupo, Maui.

7 acres, a little more or less. Upset price: \$30.00.

Telms: Cash. U. S. Gold Coin.

Opihihali, South Kona.

At the same time and place will be sold the lease of tract of land in Opi- shall be held not more than six months hihali. South Kona, containing 145 nor less than one month before the ex-

Term of lease: 10 years.

Upset rental: \$100 per annum, payble semi-annually in advance.

For further information, apply at Public Lands Office, Honolulu, or of the respective sub-agents of the land J. F. BROWN, districts. Agent Public Lands.

Dated Honolulu, March 30, 1897. 1851-td

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received at the office of the Minister of the Interior, till 12 o'clock noon of WEDNESDAY, May 12th, 1897, for the construction of roads in North and South Kona, Hawaii.

Plans and specifications at the office of the Superintendent of Public Works, also at Kailua Postoffice and Hookena Postoffice.

bind himself to accept the lowest or J. A. KING,

Interior Office, April 22, 1897. 1857-3t

OFFICE OF BOARD OF HEALTH,

HONOLULU, H. I., April 21, 1897. At a meeting of the Board, held this date, William O. Smith, Esq., was elected President of the Board of Health, vice Henry E. Cooper, Esq. CHARLES WILCOX. resigned.

Secretary of Board of Health. 1857-3t 4590-3t

On Wednesday, July 28, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Executive Building, Honolulu, will be sold at Public Auction the Hawaiian | Hotel Premises at Honolulu.

in the city, in the center of the block bounded by and with entrance drives from Hotel, Richards, Beretania and Alakea streets, and the grounds contain an area of 1.7-10 acres.

proper, of two stories and basement, built of brick and concrete, with broad verandas at front and rear of each The main building covers an area

The buildings consist of the Hotel

wooden addition on opposite wing for kitchen, 60x18 feet. There are also four cottages on the

bath rooms and closets. The main building contains a spacious parlor, public and private dining rooms, large billiard hall and bar room

and forty sleeping rooms. The cottages contain about twenty additional sleep-

A water tank with capacity of 19,000 gallons is placed on a tower at an elevation sufficient to give a good water pressure in second story of the main building. This tank is supplied from an artesian well on adjoining premises,

oughly lighted with electric light. Plans of the buildings and grounds

can be seen at the office of the Minister

Terms of sale are cash in United States gold coin. Upset price, \$50,000.00.

In case there is no bidder to pur-

chase the property at the above upset price, a lease of the same will immedi-

four years of the term of the lease, cause to be erected upon the leased premises a fire proof building of brick, stone or metal, in a workmanlike manner, satisfactory to the Minister of the Interior, of not less than a stated cost; and keep the same suitably insured at not less than two-thirds of its value for the benefit of the lessor; and shall keep the building in good repair during the remainder of the term of lease, reasonable use and wear thereof only excepted; and in case of damage or destruction of such building by fire, shall make good such loss or damage by the necessary repairs for reconstruction, or else surrender the insurance to the lessor. "Section 4. Every such lease shall

also contain a covenant on the part of the lessor, that upon the request in On Saturday, May 1st, 12 o'clock tives, before the expiration thereof, oon at front entrance of Judiciary the premises with the improvements Building, Honolulu, will be rold lot of shall, if all of the conditions to be per-

land in Nuanualca, Kaupe, containing formed by the lessee, have been satisfactorily performed, be put up at auction for a lease for a term of not over twenty years; unless said premises which the lessee shall receive at least one year's notice. Such auction sale piration of said term.

> The cost of the building to be erected in accordance with Section 2, as above quoted, is placed at \$50,000.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, March 27, 1897. 1850-18tT

CIRCUIT COURT, SECOND CIRCUIT of the Hawaiian Islands. In Probate, In the Estate of W. H. Daniels, late of Wailuku, Maui, deceased, intestate. Before Mr. Judge J. W. Kalua.

On reading and filing the petition of Lauwalu Daniels, widow, of Wailuku Maui, alleging that W. H. Daniels of Wailuku, Maui, died intestate at Kailua, Maui, on the 17th day of April A. D. 1897, and praying that Letters of Administration issue to A. N. Kepoi kai. It is ordered that THURSDAY, the

16th day of June, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock A. M., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition before the said Justice, in the Court Room of this Court, at Wailuku, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be

Dated Wailuku, H. I., April 23rd, A D. 1897.

By order of Court: G. ARMSTRONG, Clerk Circuit Court Second Circuit. 1858~3tT

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands. In

In the Matter of the Estate of Samuel Mahelona, late of Honolulu, Oahu, deceased, intestate. Petition having been filed by Emma N. Mahelona, widow of said intestate,

praying that letters of administration apon said estate be issued to said Emma N. Mahelona, notice is hereby given that Monday, the 24th day of May A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, is appointed the time and place for hearing said petition, when and where all persons may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

Honolulu, April 24, 1897. By the Court: GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk. 1858T-3ta

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTEN-TION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, dated the 25th day of June, 1891, made by Charles Lehmann and Johana Lehmann, his wife, of Hoiolulu, Oahu, to Paul Lemke, of Honolulu, Oahu, recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 131, on Pages 208 and 209, notice is hereby given that the mortgagee intends to foreclose the same for condition broken, to-wit:

Con-payment of interest when due. Notice is likewise given that after he expiration of three weeks from the date of this notice, the property conveyed by said mortgage will be sold at James F. Morgan. in Honolulu, on Tuesday, May 18th. 1897, at 12 o'clock

noon of said day. Terms: Cash. U. S. gold coin. Deeds

at purchaser's expense. PAUL LEMKE, Mortgagee Further particulars may be had of A. S. HUMPHREYS, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Honolulu, April 22nd, 1897. The premises covered by said mort-

gage consist of: That certain piece or parcel of land situate on Punchbowl street, Honolulu, and known as Lot 4, by survey of M D. Monsarrat, dated January 8, 1891, and more particularly described by meters and bounds in the deed of John Magoon to said Charles Lehmann, and containing an area of 5.852 square feet being a portion of Royal Patent Grant No. 2453, together with all buildings and appurtenances thereon. 1857-4t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having been as pointed executors of the will of M. Mc-Inerny, deceased, notice is hereby given to all creditors of the deceased to present their claims, whether secured By the Government Survey. Published by mortgage or otherwise, duly authenticated, and with the proper vouchers, if any exist, to the undersigned, within six months from the date hereof, or they shall be forever barred. And all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, at their office, corner of Fort and Merchant streets, Honolulu. Honolulu, April 20, 1897.

H 20, 1897. E. A. McINERNY, J. D. McINERNY. W. H. McINERNY, Executors of the Will of M. McInerny 4590-tf 1857-5w

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having been appointed Administratrix of the estate of Anna M. Armstrong, late of Honolulu. Hawaiian Islands, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present the same within six months from the date hereof to her at her residence in Kilauca, Island of Kauai, or to her attorneys, Thurston & Stanley, at their law offices situated on Merchant Street, in said Honolulu, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said estate are equested to make immediate payment A. Z. HADLEY, Administratrix Estate of Anna M.

Armstrong. Honolulu, H. I., Feb 6th, 1897. 1836-6m

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having been ap nointed administrator of the estate of Warren Goodale, deceased, notice is shall be required for public uses, of bereby given to all creditors of the deceased to present their claims to the undersigned within six months from the date hereof, or they shall be forever barred. And all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the un-WM. W. GOODALE,

Papaikou, Hawali. Honolulu, April 24, 1897.

TIME TABLE

1858T-5t

-1897-

S. S. KINAU,

Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a. m Makena the same day; Mahukona, Ka-walhae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same after-

LEAVE HONOLULU.

Friday ... May 7, *Friday ... Sep. 19 Tuesday ... May 18 Tuesday ... Sep. 21 Friday May 28 Friday Oct. 1 Tuesday .. June 8 *Tuesday .. Oct. 12 June 18 Friday Oct. 22 ...June 29 Tuesday .. Nov. 2 *Friday ...July 9 *Friday ...Nov. 12

FridayJuly 30 FridayDec. 3 *Tuesday .Aug. 10 *Tuesday ..Dec. 14 FridayAug. 20 Thursday ..Dec. 23 Tuesday ...Aug. 31

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on trips Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona and Kawaihae same day; Makena, Maalaea Bay and Lahaina the following day. lowing day, arriving at Honolulu afternoons of Tuesdays and Fridays.

Tuesday ... May 4 Tuesday Sep. 7 Friday May 14 Friday Sep. 17 Tuesday ... May 25 Tuesday ... Sep. 28 FridayJune 4 FridayOct. 8 Tuesday ...June 15 Tuesday ...Oct. 19 Friday June 25 Friday Oct. 29 Tuesday ...July 6 Tuesday ... Nov. 9 FridayJuly 16 Friday Nov. 19 Tuesday ...July 27 Tuesday ...Nov. 36 Friday Aug. 6 Friday Dec. 10 Tuesday ... Aug. 17 Tuesday ... Dec. 21

ond trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the envia Hilo. A good carriage road the en-tire distance. Round-trip tickets, covering all expenses, \$50.

CAMERON, COMMANDER, Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kahului, Hana, Ha-moa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings. Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each

for any consequences arising therefron Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight

after it has been landed.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of pursers.

Passengers are requested to purchase before embarking. Those fall-This company will not be responsible

Bteamships will leave for and arrive from San Francisco on the following

> Vancouver. 1897. On or about

Australia . . May 25 Mariposa . . May 27 Alameda ...Jun 3 CopticJun 1 BelgicJun 5; Australia ...Jun PeruJun 15 GaelicJun 20

Warrimoo ...Jun 16 Monowai ...Jun 24 PekingJun 29 Australia ..Jun 30

THERM BAROM. Max. 17 80.19 3°.12 68 82 18 80 20 30.12 68, 82 19 30.20 30.15 71 81 20 30.22 30.12 71 81 21 30.22 30.12 72 82 22 30.19 30 12 72 81 23 30.16 30.09 68 81

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

Large. Large. iligh Tide Iow Tide Small 0 02 6 20 6 55 5 32 6 23 0 .45 6 47 8 03 5 31 6 24 1 25 7 .19 8 54 5 31 6 .21 2 .10 7 45 9 .40 5 30 6 .25 Mon 26 Tues ... 27 Wed 28

New Moon May 1 at 10h, 16m a m. The tides and moon phases are given in standard time. The time of sun and moon

rising and setting being given for all jorts in the group are in local time, to which the respective corrections to Standard time applicable to each different port

Standard time.

our political organization than the laperpetuate the American Union. If there be any well defined economic conclusion to be drawn from the last four presidential elections, one people were determined that the Am-

sideration in our national legislation

These reflections are brought about by a consideration of the existing

made by the various parties in interest. sh men will avail themselves of doctrine of the judicious protection of

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

ARRIVALS. Friday, April 23.

Stmr Mokolii, Bennet, from Labaina Saturday, April 24. Stmr Kinau, Clarke, from Hawai

Stmr W. G. Hall, Haglund, from

DEPARTURES.

Friday, April 23. Stmr Mauna Loa, Simerson, for La-Stmr Noeau, Pederson, for Honokaa

to office dangers discovered, or any

presenting my credentials, to express my sincere appreciation of the personal and official courtesies hitherto extended to me, both by yourself and by the officials of your government, in my capacity as Consul General and the hope and belief that these

It is gratifying to me, Mr. Min-

receive this high appointment. I thank you for your expres-

I congratulate you, Mr. Minis-

The autograph letter of His

of Japan, and seated on the Throne occupied by the same dynasty from time immemorial. To Mr. Sanford B. Dole, Presi-

Greeting! Being animated by the desire

ister Resident, to reside in the Republic of Hawaii.

COUNT ORUMA SHIGENORU,

interim. 1858 11

The Minister of the Interior does not Minister of the Interior.

SALE OF THE HAWAHAN HOTEL PREMISES, HONOLULU, H. I.

These premises are centrally located

of 10,800 sq. feet, with Lanai or wing addition on one side, 40x24 feet, and

premises, with ample provision for

owned by Dr. J. S. McGrew. The buildings and grounds are thor-

of the Interior.

ately be offered for sale at an upset price of \$4,000 a year for a period of thirty years, under the conditions set out in Act 7, Laws of 1896, and more particularly of Sections 2 and 4 of said Act, which reads as follows: "Section 2. Every such lease shall contain a covenant on the part of the lessee that he shall, during the first

writing by the lessee or his representa-

Friday ... Tuesday Tuesday ...July 20 Tuesday ...Nov. 23

ARRIVE HONOLULU,

Friday Aug. 27 Friday Dec. 31 Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the sec-

S. S. CLAUDINE

month.

No freight will be received after 4 p.
m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to
make changes in the time of departure
and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT
NOTICE, and it will not be responsible
for any consequences arising therefore

CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Superintendent.

FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.

dates: Arrive at Honolulu, Leave Honolulu for from S. Francisco San Francisco or or Vancouver. On or about

Australia ... Apr 27 Alameda ... Apr 29 Monowai .. May 6 China May 4 Peking ... May 8 Australia .. May 5 Miowera ...May 16 PeruMay 23 Doric May 18 Warrimoo . May 24

Australia ...Jun 22 MioweraJun 24

METEORLOGICAL RECORD. Every Monday.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Aug...... 2 4.38 3.20 3.15 12.00 5 28 6.28 7 33

which is 1h 30m p. m. of Hawaiian

_ Newspaper AACHIVE®

C-A. S. S. Miowera, Hay, for Vancouver and Victoria.
Stmr Mikahala, Thompson, for Kau-

Tree April 24 P T Phillips and four

Newspaper AACHIVE®

Frem Molokai Maul and Lanai per tmr Mokolii April 24 -- Mr and Mr . Lieutenant, U. S. Navy, In Charge.